Sequence III Surveillance Panel Meeting

Teams

Thursday September 9, 2023 1:00 – 2:30 CDT

Agenda

1.0) Attendance

2.0) Chairman Comments

Chairman thanked the states group for their work.

3.0) Approval of minutes

3.1) Minutes from 8/24/2023 Meeting

Approved

4.0) IIIH Action Items

4.1) Fuel Update – Haltermann Emailed update.

Gallons Gallons Tank # HF# Product Reserve (after (temp adj) heel) Sequence VI-E w/DCA 62 HF2003 110,936 56,000 54,936 N-000013 Sales **EEE Lube Cert** 63 HF0003 N-000014 142,770 56,000 86.770 Sales SVGM2 79 HF0295 N-000010 242,895 155,000 87,895 B/S

4.2) Statistics Review – Kostan

Some parameters have been off target for a while – discussion about appropriate actions Labs and the TMC reviewed the implications of making these changes as requested at the previous meeting. Changing the Phos standard deviations would cause two currently calibrated tests to move from borderline passing to borderline failing. Since the Phos change would be small it was decided not to change the Phos standard deviation.

There was much discussion on timing and the group settled on the dates shown in the motion.

Motion: Andy Ritchie 2nd: Adrian Alfonso

Accept Slide #59 & 60 from stats group recommendations dated July 2023. Back calculate for calibration tests completed on or after March 8, 2022. Updated TCR adjustments will be effective for tests completing on or after September 12, 2023 for the PVIS, WPD, APV and MRV parameters. (No changes to Phos.)

A roll call vote was taken and the motion passed 12 approve, 0 negative with 3 waive.

- 4.3) Update about rebuilding engines Clark
- S. Clark explained that the rebuilding development is progressing. The crank tunnel, bearings, clearances, tooling manuals and tooling fixtures are all in process. The rebuild blocks will include crank tunnel study due to thread durability issues noted during bearing clearance development testing.
- 4.4) Other Topics

5.0) Old Business

5.1) TBD

6.0) New Business

- 6.1) I ordered an Air Cleaner Resonator today and noticed a part number change from the test method.
- Test Method PN 04861731AB (pg. 6 of method)
- New PN 04861731AD
 This will be addressed during the next meeting.

7.0) Review / Update Scope and Objectives

8.0) Next Meeting
TBD

9.0) Meeting Adjourned

ASTM Sequence III Surveillance Panel (19 Voting members)

date: 9-7-2023

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	Name/Address	Phone/Fax/Email	Signature: R15 lockwell		
	Voting Members:		Votes:		
	Jorge Agudelo	jorge.agudelo@bp.com			
/	Adrian Alfonso	adrian.alfonso@intertek.com	<u>A</u>		
/	Jason Bowden	jhbowden@ohtech.com	<u>w</u>		
A	Michael Deegan	mdeegan@ford.com	_		
/	Richard Grundza	reg@astmtmc.org	<u>A</u>		
/	William Hairston	whhairston@jhaltermann.com	<u>A</u>		
/	Jeff Hsu, PE	j.hsu@shell.com	<u>W</u>		
	Teri Kowalski	teri.kowalski@toyota.com			
/	Dan Lanctot	dlanctot@tei-net.com			
V	Patrick Lang	plang@swri.org	<u>A</u>		
/	Ben Maddock	Ben.Maddock@AftonChemical.com	<u>A</u>		
/	Dave Passmore	dpassmore@imtsind.com	<u>W</u>		
/	Michael Raney TM	michael.p.raney@gm.com	<u>A</u>		
/	Andrew Ritchie	andrew.ritchie@infineum.com	<u>A</u>		
/	Amol Sawant	acsawant@valvolineglobal.com	<u>A</u>		
/	Michael A Scudiero	michael.a.scudiero@exxonmobil.com	<u>A</u>		
/	Robert Stockwell	robert.stockwell@chevron.com	<u>A</u>		
/	George Szappanos	george.szappanos@lubrizol.com	<u>A</u>		
/	Haiying Tang	haiying.tang@stellantis.com	<u>A</u>		
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ASTM Sequence III Surveillance Panel (19 Voting members)

date:

	Name/Address	me/Address Phone/Fax/Email		
V	Ricardo Affinito	affinito@chevron.com	N-V Member	Present
	Laura Birnbaumer	labi@chevron.com	N-V Member	Present
	Adam Bowden	adbowden@ohtech.com	N-V Member	Present
	Matt Bowden	mjbowden@ohtech.com	N-V Member	Present
	Jerome A. Brys	jerome.brys@lubrizol.com	N-V Member	Present
	Bill Buscher III	william.buscher@intertek.com	N-V Member	Present
	Bob Campbell	bob.campbell@aftonchemical.com	N-V Member	Present
	Domingo Carreon	domingo.carreon@intertek.com	N-V Member	Present
	Jim Carter	jcarter@gageproducts.com	N-V Member	Present
	Timothy L. Caudill	tlcaudill@ashland.com	N-V Member	Present
	Martin Chadwick	martin.chadwick@intertek.com	N-V Member	Present
V	Sid Clark	sidney.clark@swri.org	N-V Member	Present
	Tim Cushing	timothy.cushing@gm.com	N-V Member	Present
	Phil Davies	daviesjp@bp.com	N-V Member	Present
V	Todd Dvorak	Todd.Dvorak@Infineum.com	N-V Member	Present
	Joe Franklin	joe.franklin@intertek.com	N-V Member	Present
V	Izabela Gabrel	IGabrel@h-c-s-group.com	N-V Member	Present
V	Travis Kostan	travis.kostan@swri.org	N-V Member	Present
	Michael Lochte	Michael.lochte@swri.org	N-V Member	Present
/	Jo Martinez	JoMartinez@chevron.com	N-V Member	Present
	Sean A. Moyer	sam@astmtmc.org	N-V Member	Present
	William A. Murdock	william.murdock@swri.org	N-V Member	Present
	Mark Overaker	mhoveraker@jhaltermann.com	N-V Member	Present
	Scott Rajala	srajala.1460@idemitsu.com	N-V Member	Present
V	Andrew Rohlfing	Andrew.Rohlfing@AftonChemical.com	N-V Member	Present
	Cliff Salvesen	clifford.r.salvesen@exxonmobil.com	N-V Member	Present
	Elisa Santos	elisa.santos@infineum.com	N-V Member	Present
	Hirano Satoshi	satoshi hirano aa@mail.toyota.co.jp	N-V Member	Present

ASTM Sequence III Surveillance Panel (19 Voting members) date: Name/Address Phone/Fax/Email Signature: Philip R. Scinto prs@lubrizol.com N-V Member Present **Amanda Stone** Amanda.Stone@newmarket.com N-V Member Present Chris Taylor pslservicesinc@gmail.com N-V Member Present Jonathan VanScoyoc VANSCJ@cpchem.com N-V Member Present angela.willis@willisadvancedconsulting.com Angela Willis N-V Member Present Dean Wingert dwingert@ford.com N-V Member Present Justin Wolfe Justin.Wolfe@lubrizol.com N-V Member Present Yue Zhang Yue.Zhang@Lubrizol.com N-V Member Present Other Attendees: HENNESSY

IIIH Severity Review

STATS GROUP

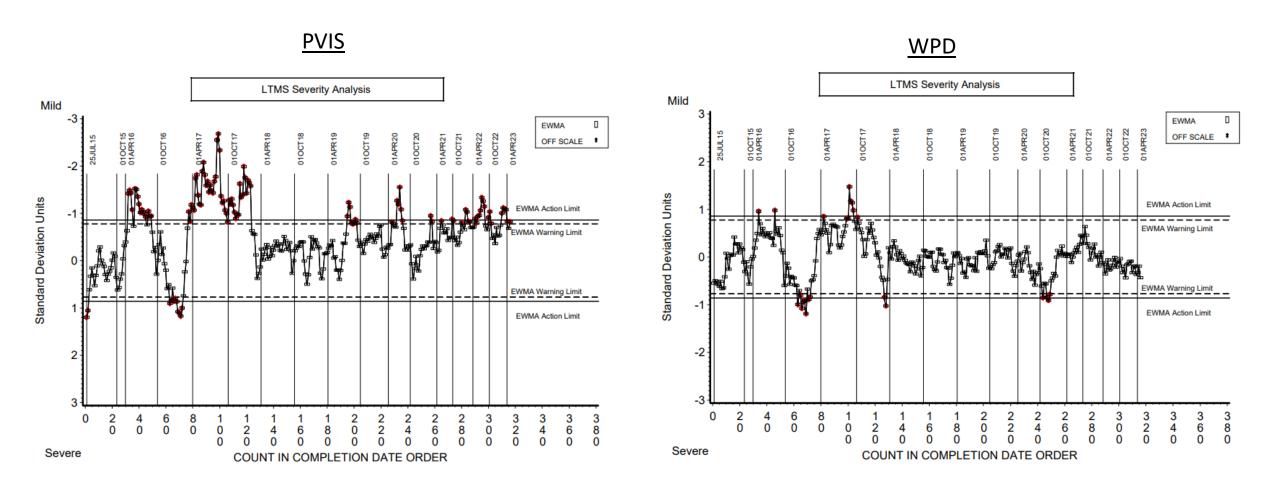
JULY 2023

Stats Group

- Amanda Stone, Afton
- Ricardo Affinito, Chevron Oronite
- Jo Martinez, Chevron Oronite
- Todd Dvorak, Infineum
- Martin Chadwick, Intertek
- Phil Scinto, Lubrizol
- Seth Demel, Shell
- Travis Kostan, SwRI
- Richard Grundza, TMC

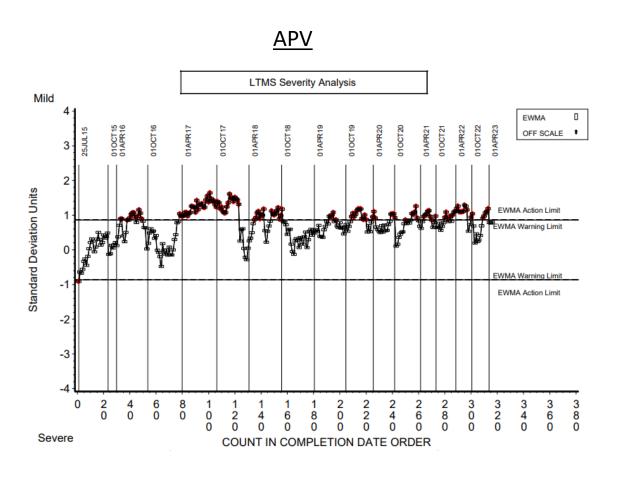
Industry Status

Industry data suggest about a one standard deviation mild PVIS problem, with WPD in control.



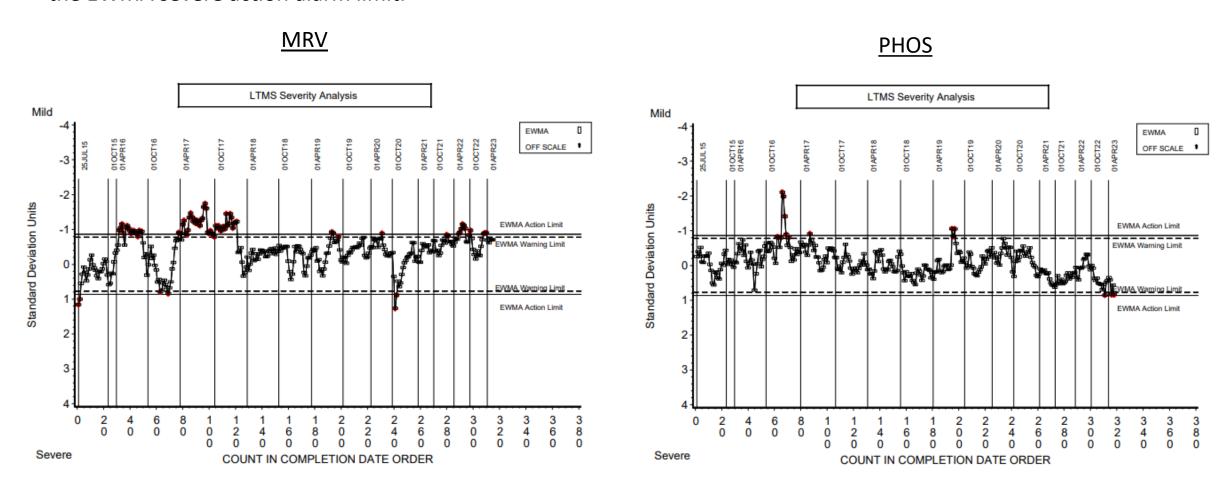
Industry Status

APV has trended similar to PVIS on average, though with less variability and more consistently mild.



Industry Status

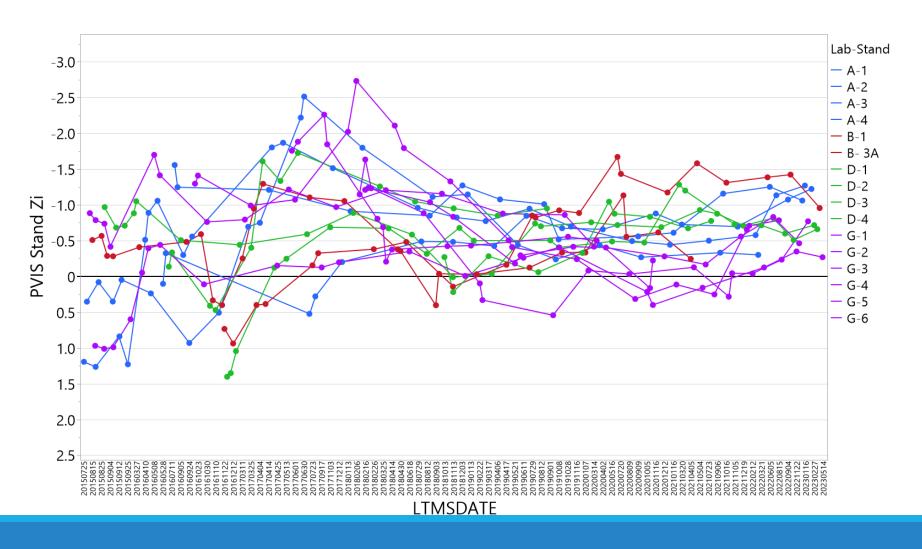
MRV similar to PVIS and APV, while phosphorus retention has been mostly under control, with a recent move near the EWMA severe action alarm limit.



PVIS

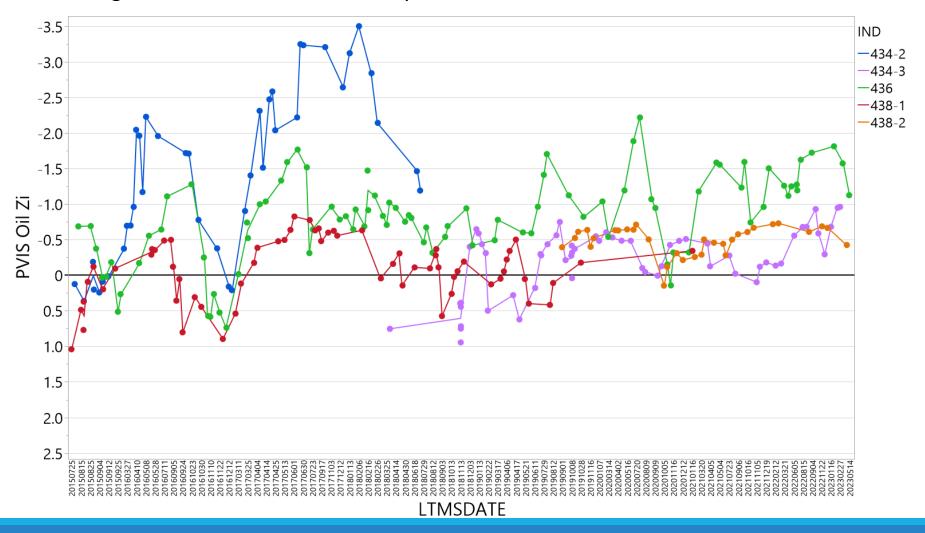
PVIS Zi by Lab-Stand

EWMA plot by stand suggests that all stands in the industry are mild, between 0.25 to 1.25 standard deviations mild.



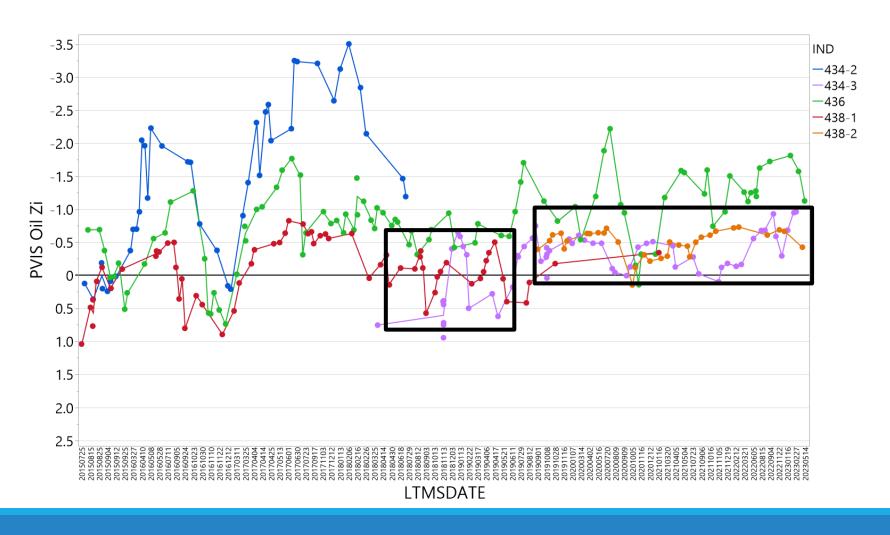
PVIS EWMA by Oil

436 has trended mild for a long time now. 438-2 appears to have been introduced at a similar time to when 434-3 and 436 were shifting milder, around summer/early fall of 2019.



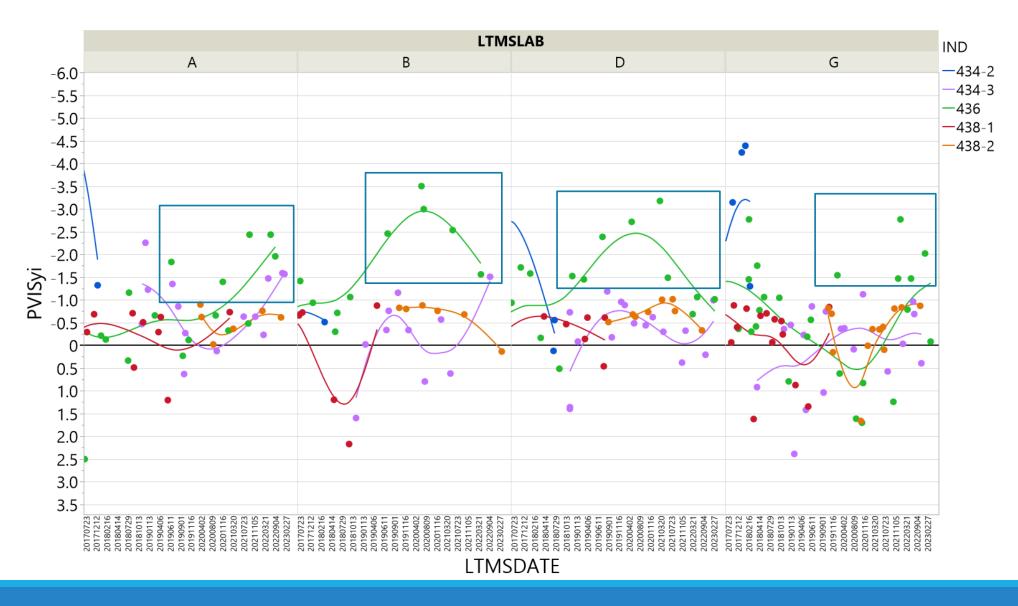
Oil 438 Re-blend Target

Both 438-1 and 438-2 line up fairly well with 434-3 severity, indicating that that difference in the re-blend may be due do the industry severity shift which lines up with the time of the re-blend introduction.



PVIS Yi by Oil and Lab

A majority of the mild data in recent history appears to be on reference oil 436.



Targets +/- 2 Sigma by Oil

2 standard deviations mild on Oil 436 is only 13% below target. Oil 438-2 can actually get a result as low as 8% and still be within 2 standard deviations.

Reference Oil	LTMS Mean	LTMS Standard Deviation	Mean – 2 Std. Dev.	Mean + 2 Std. Dev.
434-3	5.7602 (317%)	0.6598	4.4406 (85%)	7.0798 (1,188%)
438-2	3.9754 (53%)	0.9558	2.0638 (8%)	5.887 (360%)
436	3.3289 (28%)	0.3138	2.7013 (15%)	3.9565 (52%)

Choosing a Time Period for Standard Deviation Calculations

This slide explains how the data set was selected for calculating the standard deviation of each of the reference oils.

<u>434-3:</u>

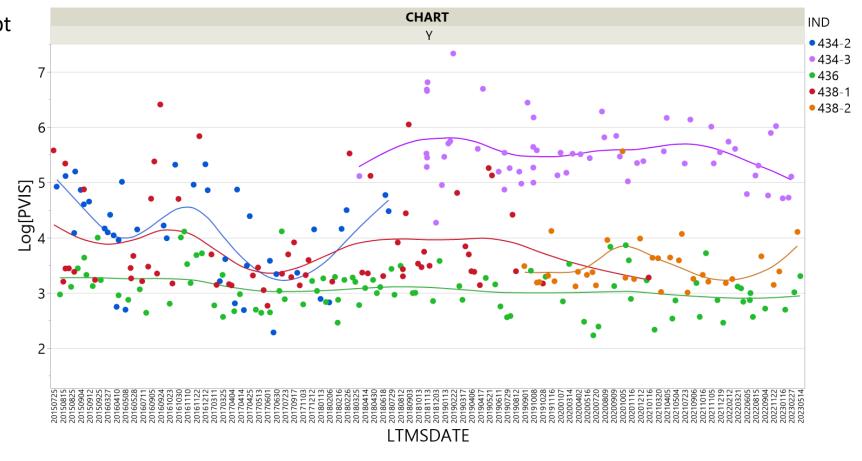
- Reasonably stable, except for most recent mild data.
- Will use all data raw standard deviation.

<u>436:</u>

- Downward drift over time.
- Linear drift correct all data, use residual standard deviation.

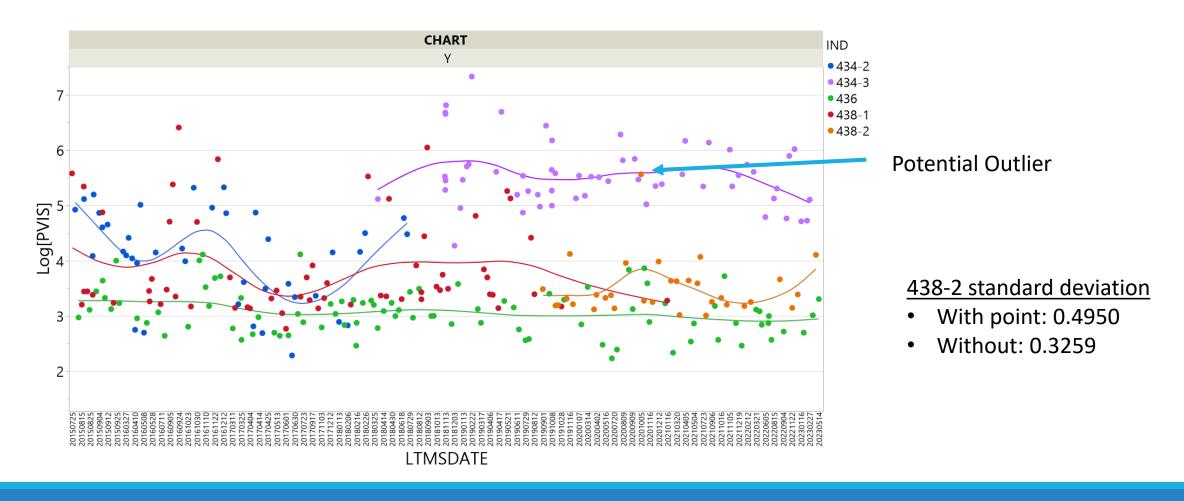
438-2:

- Reasonably stable.
- Will use all data raw standard deviation.



One 438-2 Potential Outlier

The inclusion/exclusion of this data point has a large impact on the estimated standard deviation. It is recommended to retain this point in the calculation, as this level of severity has been seen often on the original blend in the past.



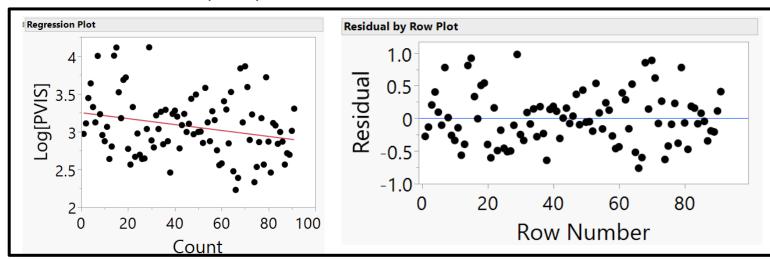
Estimated Standard Deviations

Using the data sets and methodology from the previous slide, the table to the right shows the recommended updates to the standard deviations.

Oil	LTMS Standard Deviation	Recommended New Standard Deviation
434-3	0.6598	0.5845
438-2	0.9558	0.4950
436	0.3138	0.4005

Oil 436 Model: Ln(PVIS) ~ Count

Current S.A. Std. Dev.	Recommended S.A. Std. Dev.		
0.4641	0.4933		
Average of 3 Ref.			
	Standard Deviations		



Updated +/- 2 Standard Deviations by Oil

The tables to the right compares +/- 2 standard deviations for each of the oils before and after the standard deviation update.

<u>Current</u>

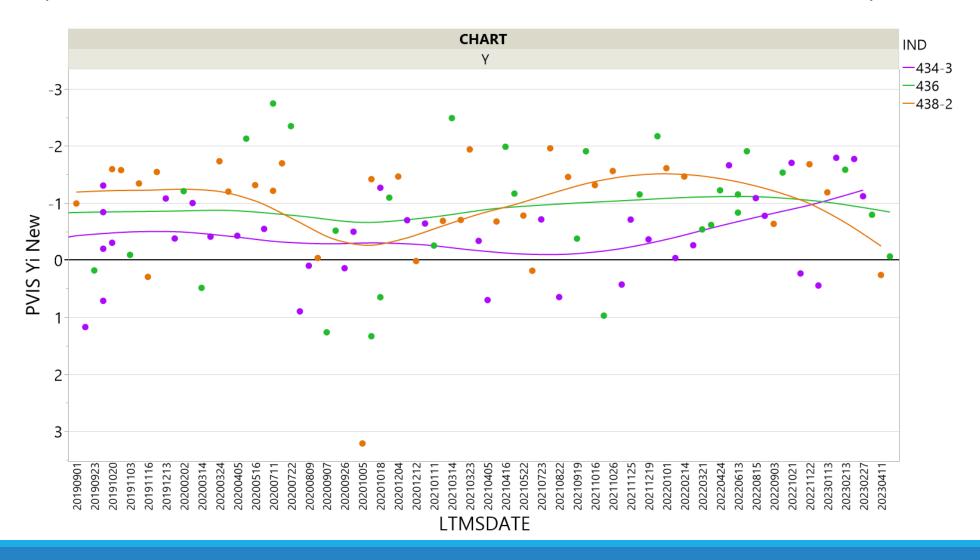
Reference Oil	LTMS Mean	LTMS Standard Deviation	Mean – 2 Std. Dev.	Mean + 2 Std. Dev.
434-3	5.7602 (317%)	<mark>0.6598</mark>	<mark>4.4406</mark> (85%)	<mark>7.0798</mark> <mark>(1,188%)</mark>
438-2	3.9754 (53%)	<mark>0.9558</mark>	<mark>2.0638</mark> (8%)	<mark>5.887</mark> (360%)
436	3.3289 (28%)	<mark>0.3138</mark>	<mark>2.7013</mark> (15%)	<mark>3.9565</mark> (52%)

With Proposed Changes

Reference Oil	LTMS Mean	LTMS Standard Deviation	Mean – 2 Std. Dev.	Mean + 2 Std. Dev.
434-3	5.7602 (317%)	<mark>0.5845</mark>	<mark>4.5912</mark> (99%)	<mark>6.9292</mark> (1,022%)
438-2	3.9754 (53%)	<mark>0.4950</mark>	<mark>2.9854</mark> (20%)	<mark>4.9654</mark> (143%)
436	3.3289 (28%)	<mark>0.4005</mark>	<mark>2.5279</mark> (13%)	<mark>4.1299</mark> (62%)

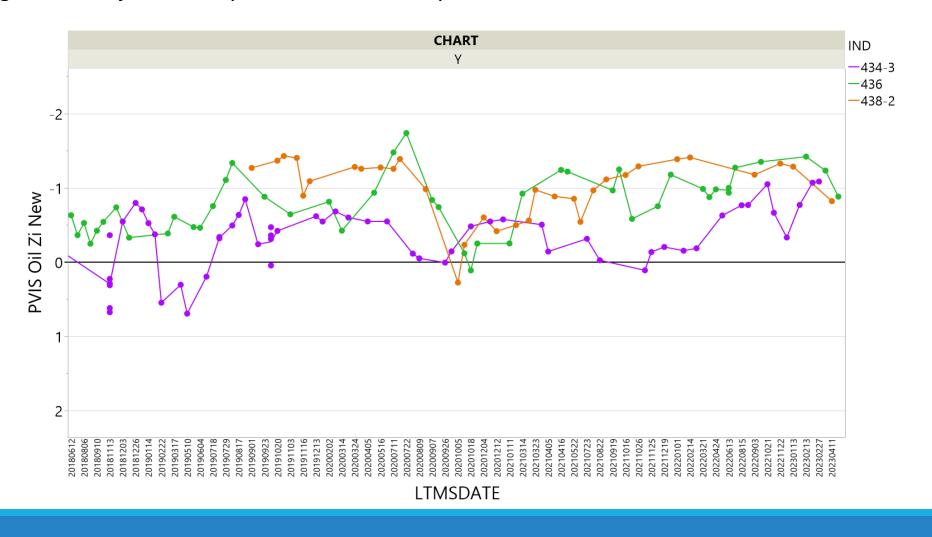
Updated PVIS Yi Plot by Oil

With the updated standard deviations, the scatter of the reference oil results is more reasonably similar



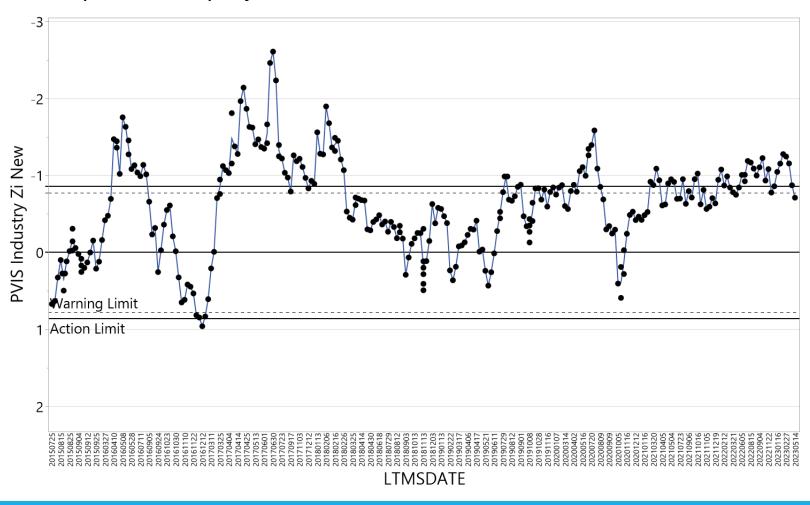
Updated PVIS Oil EWMA Plot

Using the updated standard deviations, all 3 reference oils currently are right around 1 standard deviation mild, though oil 434-3 just recently reached this severity level.



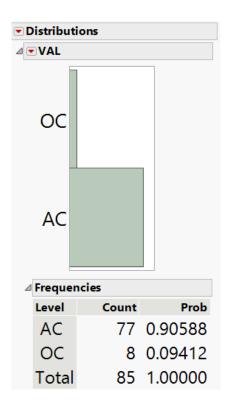
Updated PVIS Industry EWMA

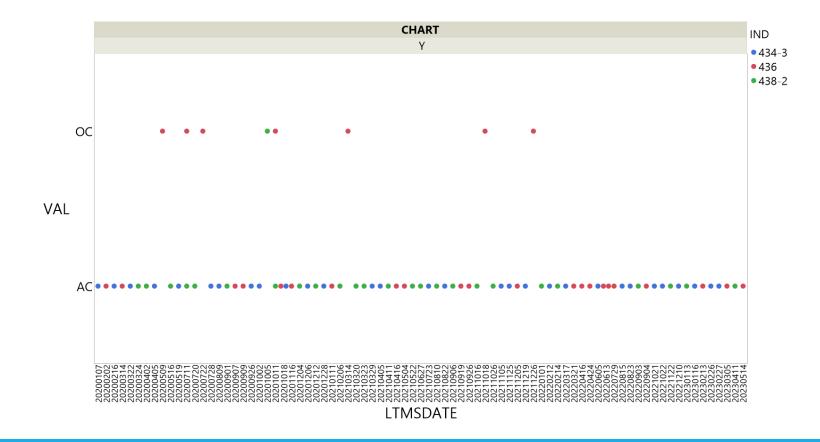
Updating the standard deviations does not fix the severity problem, but it removes the oil dependency for calibration probability and severity adjustments.



Correction Factor?

Since 2020, there has been a 91% calibration success rate, with all but 1 being on oil 436. With the updated standard deviations, this problem should go away. Therefore, with labs able to calibrate and all reference oils behaving similarly, it is recommended to do nothing mathematically about severity at this time and continue to monitor or look for further engineering explanations.

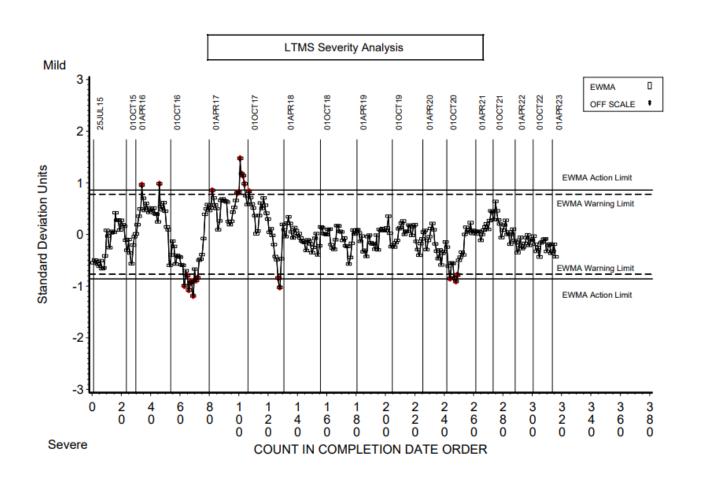


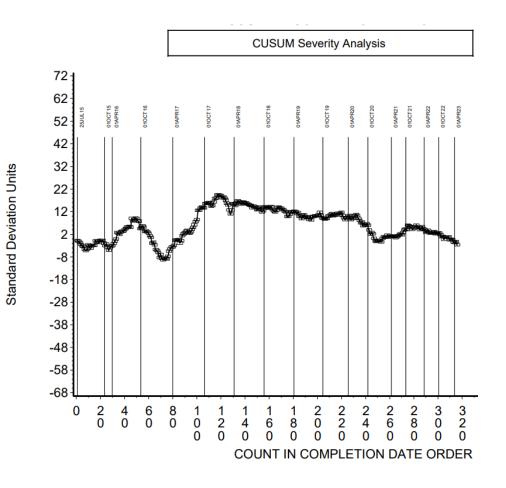


WPD

WPD Industry EWMA

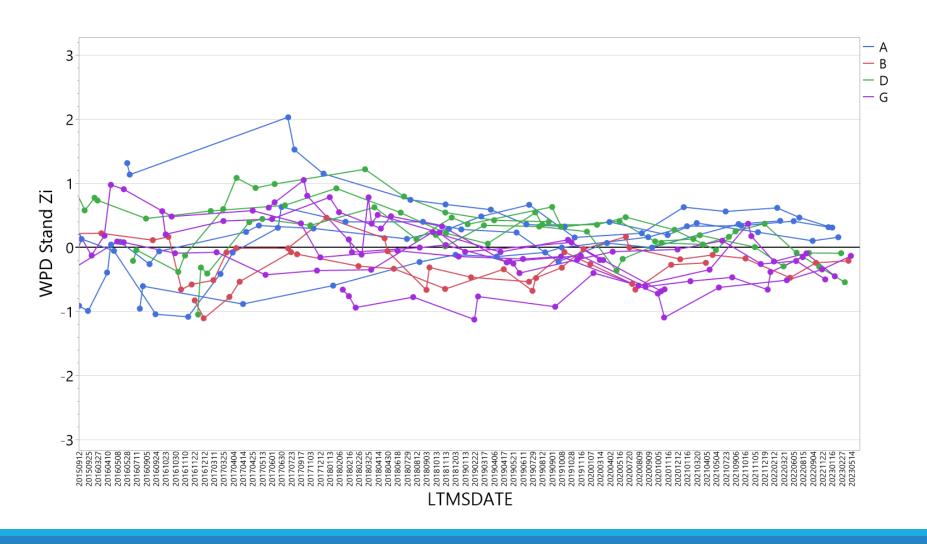
WPD is pretty well in control, though slightly on the severe side for the past year.





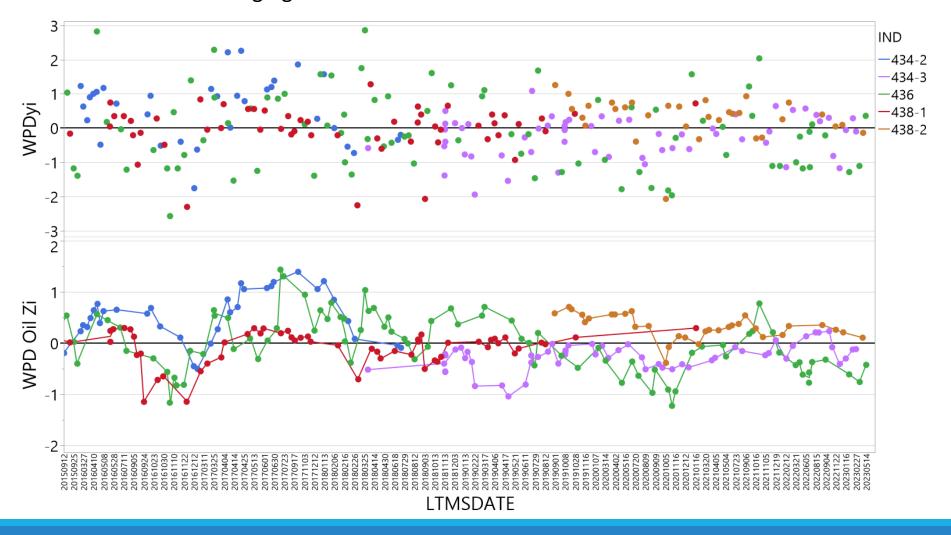
WPD EWMA by Lab-Stand

EWMA plot by stand suggests that all stands in the industry are close to target, within +/- 0.5 standard deviations.



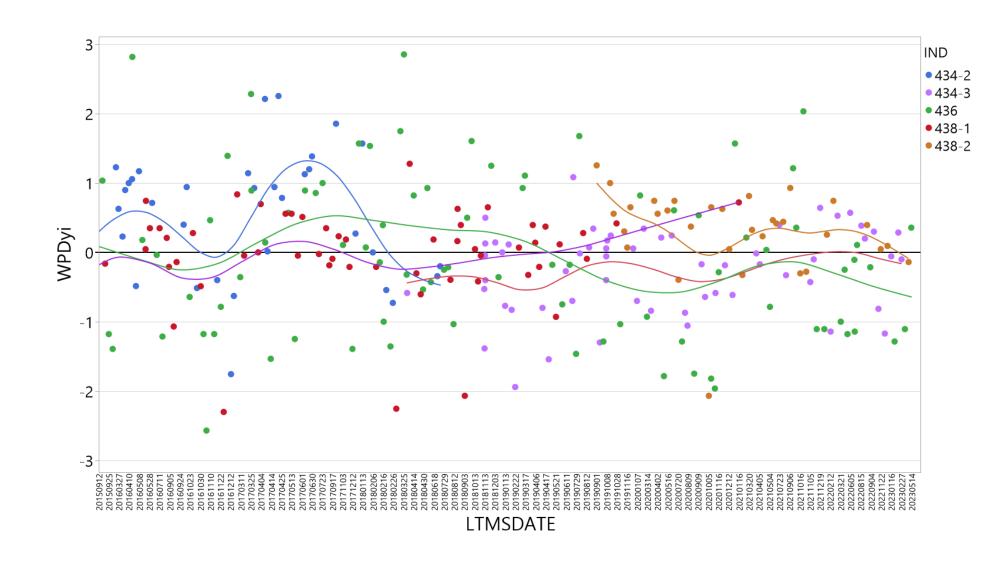
WPD Yi and EWMA by Oil

438-2 has been slightly mild since the introduction (may have gotten target wrong). 434-3 is currently pretty close to target, while 436 has been averaging 0.5 standard deviations severe.



WPD Yi by Oil, All Labs Combined

436 clearly has the most variability, but it may be because the other oil standard deviations are too small and that its spread is more the desired result of +/- 2 sigma.



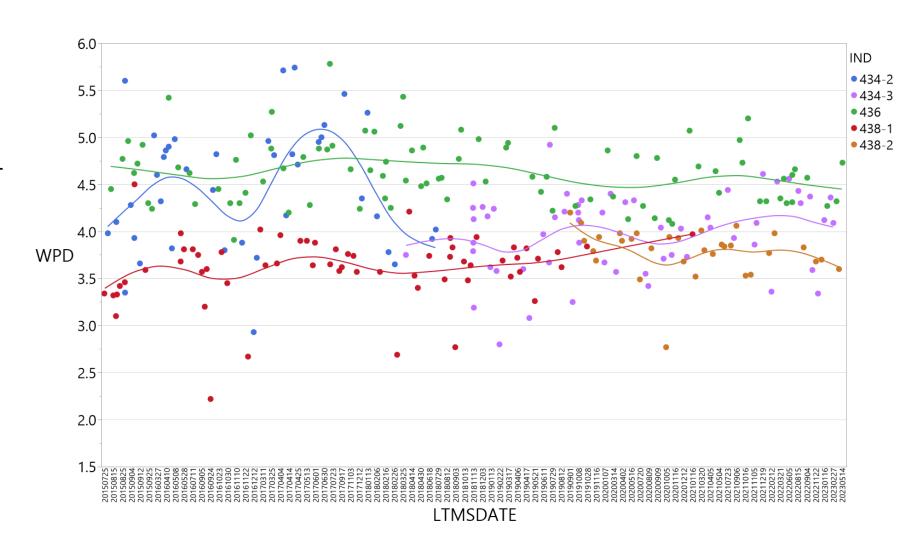
Targets +/- 2 Sigma by Oil

There are major difference in the standard deviations of these oils.

Reference Oil	LTMS Mean	LTMS Standard Deviation	Mean – 2 Std. Dev.	Mean + 2 Std. Dev.
434-3	4.16	0.70	2.76	5.56
438-2	3.66	0.43	2.80	4.52
436	4.63	0.28	4.07	5.19

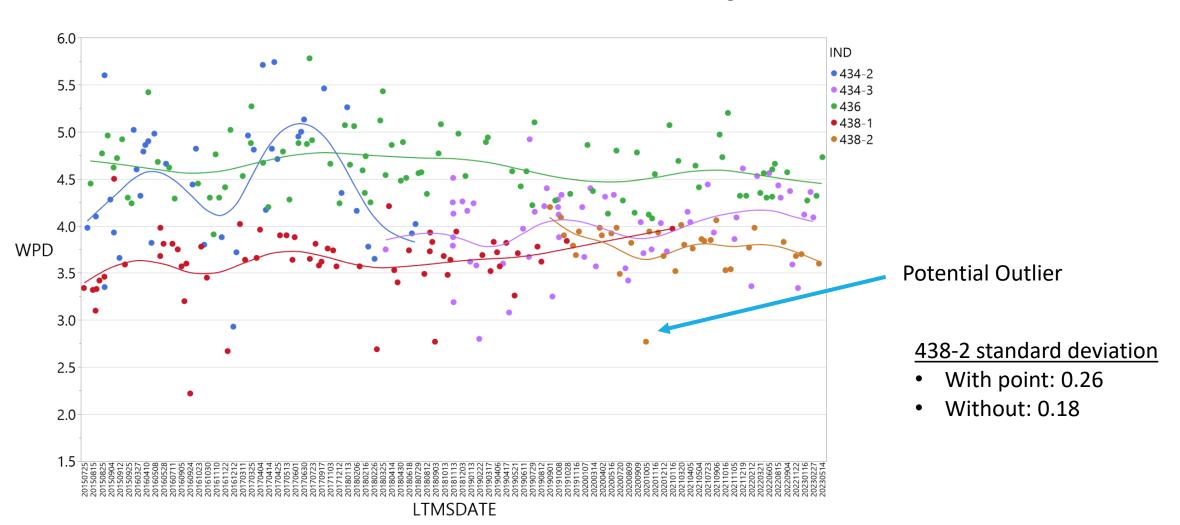
Choosing a Time Period for Standard Deviation Calculations

Though there appears to be a small downward trend for 436 and a small upward trend for oil 434-3, these are not statistically significant in either case. Therefore, the raw standard deviation appears appropriate for all 3 oils using all data.



One 438-2 Potential Outlier

The same outlier that was seen for PVIS is also seen for WPD, and it is again recommended to retain this value.



Estimated Standard Deviations

Using the data sets and methodology from the previous slide, the table to the right shows the recommended updates to the standard deviations.

Oil	LTMS Standard Deviation	Raw Standard Deviation
434-3	0.70	0.42
438-2	0.43	0.26
436	0.28	0.34

Current	Recommended
S.A. Std. Dev.	S.A. Std. Dev.
0.47	0.34

Updated +/- 2 Standard Deviations by Oil

The tables to the right compares +/- 2 standard deviations for each of the oils before and after the standard deviation update.

<u>Current</u>

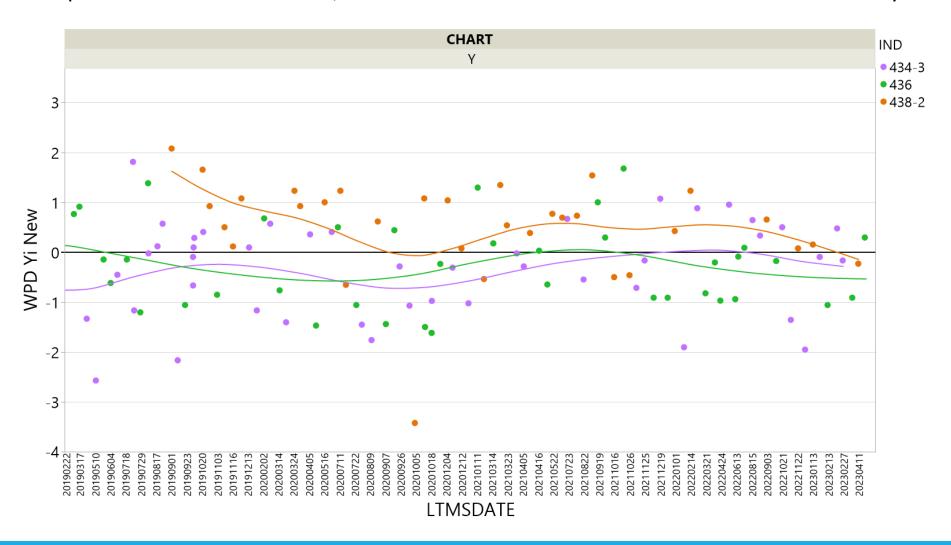
Reference Oil	LTMS Mean	LTMS Standard Deviation	Mean – 2 Std. Dev.	Mean + 2 Std. Dev.
434-3	4.16	0.70	<mark>2.76</mark>	<mark>5.56</mark>
438-2	3.66	<mark>0.43</mark>	<mark>2.80</mark>	<mark>4.52</mark>
436	4.63	<mark>0.28</mark>	<mark>4.07</mark>	<mark>5.19</mark>

With Proposed Changes

Reference Oil	LTMS Mean	LTMS Standard Deviation	Mean – 2 Std. Dev.	Mean + 2 Std. Dev.
434-3	4.16	<mark>0.42</mark>	<mark>3.32</mark>	<mark>5.00</mark>
438-2	3.66	<mark>0.26</mark>	<mark>3.14</mark>	<mark>4.18</mark>
436	4.63	<mark>0.34</mark>	<mark>3.95</mark>	<mark>5.31</mark>

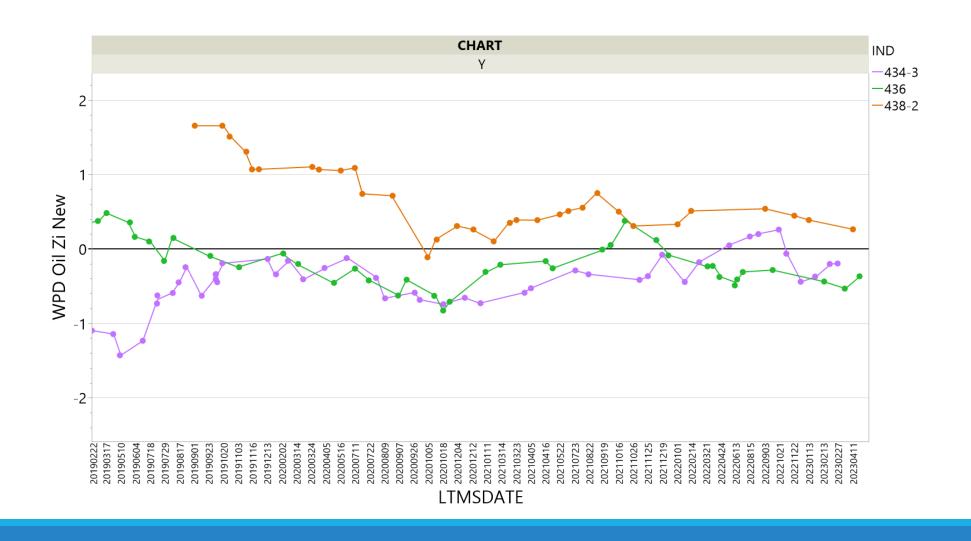
Updated WPD Yi Plot by Oil

With the updated standard deviations, the scatter of the reference oil results is more reasonably similar.



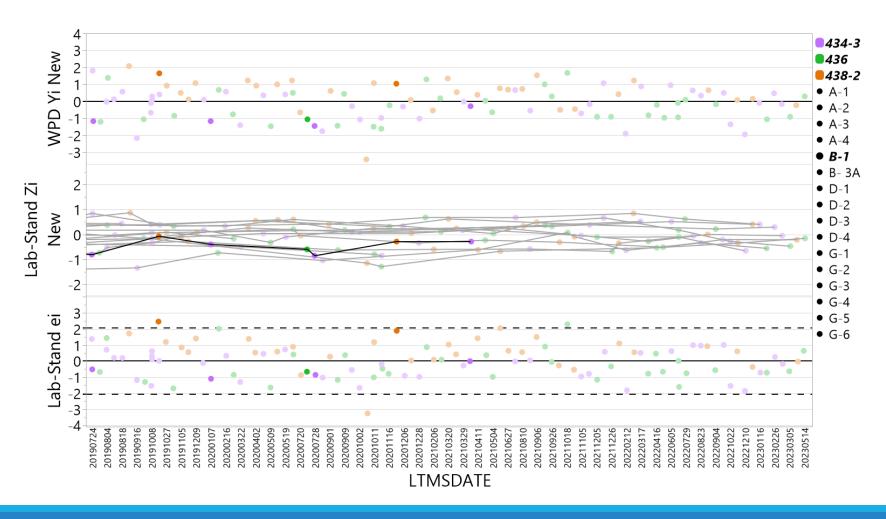
Updated WPD Oil EWMA Plot

Oil 438-2 is just mild of target, while the other two reference oils are just severe of target.



Calibration Failures

Looking back at how the updated standard deviations would have impacted calibration success, there appears to be 3 ei failures. Only the first one, shown below, would be a new failure, as the others already were.



An alternative Std. Dev. for 438-2

Since 438-2 appears to include an expected bias, the raw standard deviation may not capture the expected variability in Yi results, since this standard deviation only considers variability from the sample mean, not deviation from target. Using an alternative standard deviation formula which considers deviations from target may provide some relief for the expected bias for this oil.

S.D.
$$(Normal) = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (Result_i - \overline{x})^2}{n-1}}$$

S.D.
$$(Alt) = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (Result_i - Target)^2}{n-1}}$$

Oil	LTMS Standard Deviation	Raw Standard Deviation
434-3	0.70	0.42
438-2	0.43	0.26 0.29
436	0.28	0.34

What would Target Update be for 438-2?

Based on a model with oil, lab, and lab[stand], the contrast between 438-1 and 438-2 suggests that the re-blend 438-2 is 0.21 merits milder. Based on the current LTMS target for 438-1 of 3.66, a target update for this oil would be recommended to be 3.87.

Though updating targets always has an impact on candidate pass/fail probability, there are several reasons this update could be considered appropriate in this case.

- Updates for re-blends are necessary when they are different to keep the test the same. They only reason it may not be desired here is that this change has gone unnoticed for several years and therefore upcoming candidates will have a different playing field than candidates run over this time period. However, this would return the test to original severity prior to the introduction of this re-blend.
- This test is fortunate to have three reference oils, so the impact over the past few years of not updating the re-blend target is very minimal given the size of the difference and the 1/3 average weighting of this oil in severity adjustments.

Least Squares Means Table			
_			
Level		Sq Mean	Std Error
434-2	4.46	19323	0.06670675
434-3	3.98	37165	0.05416943
436	4.62	50643	0.04351713
438-1	3.60	49812	0.05296073
438-2	3.81	70508	0.07352510
▼ Contras	t		
△ Test Deta	ail		
434-2		(0
434-3		(0
436		(0
438-1		- '	1
438-2			1
Estima	ite	0.212	1
Std Err	or	0.0908	3
t Ratio)	2.3368	3
Prob>	t	0.0202	2
SS		0.9024	4
Lower	95%	0.0334	4
Upper	95%	0.3908	3

Candidate Impact?

Consider an on-target stand (Zi = 0) running a calibration test for the first time on Oil 438-2. Without the updated target, the stand is expected to get a result of 3.87. This would result in a Yi value of 0.49, a Zi value of 0.15, and a severity adjustment of -0.07. The next two reference oil tests would be expected to be on target, diluting the effect, and the sequence continues as follows:

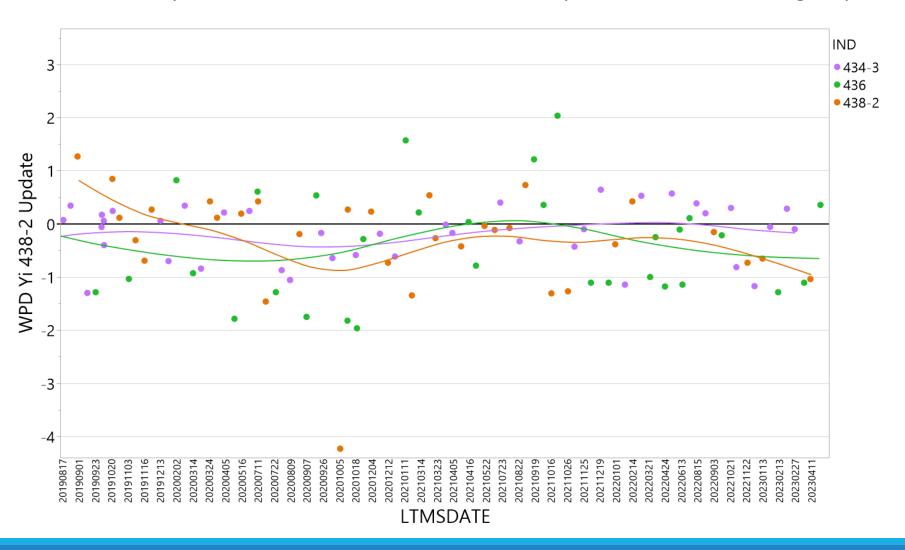
Expected Yi	Expected Zi	Expected SA
0.488	0.147	-0.069
0.000	0.103	-0.048
0.000	0.072	-0.034
0.488	0.197	-0.092
0.000	0.138	-0.065
0.000	0.096	-0.045
0.488	0.214	-0.101
0.000	0.150	-0.070
0.000	0.105	-0.049
0.488	0.220	-0.103
0.000	0.154	-0.072
0.000	0.108	-0.051
0.488	0.222	-0.104
0.000	0.155	-0.073
0.000	0.109	-0.051

Average Yi	SA
0.163	-0.077

Updating the target simply returns the expected severity adjustment to zero for an on-target stand.

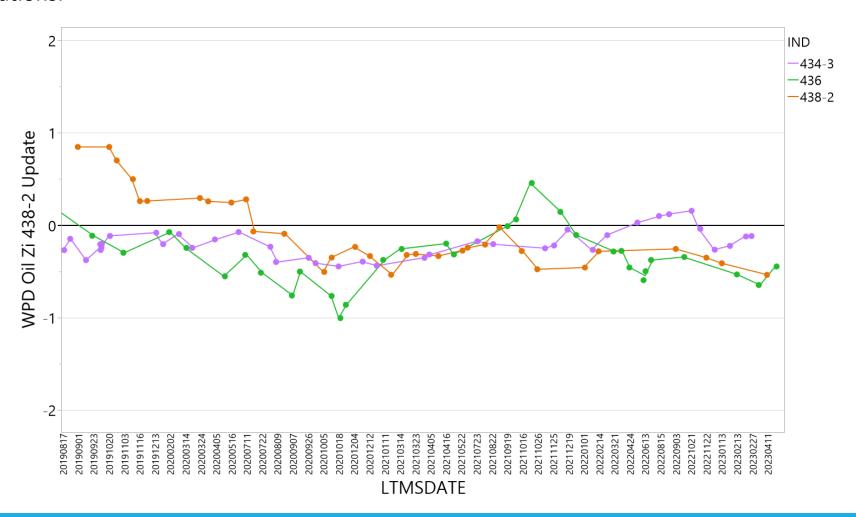
Updated WPD Yi Plot by Oil

Below is a plot of the industry Yi values with the standard deviation update and the 438-2 target update.



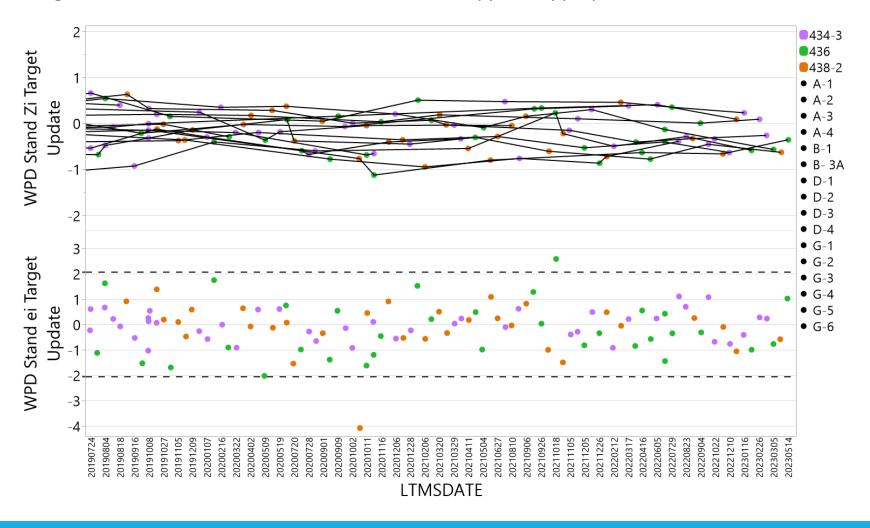
Updated WPD Oil EWMA Plot

With the 438-2 target update, all 3 oils are indicating that WPD is in control but slightly severe by 0 to 0.5 standard deviations.



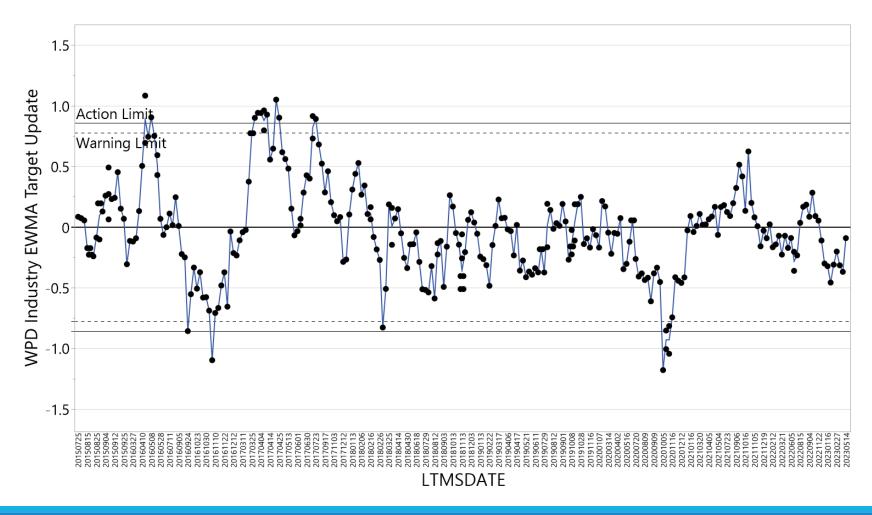
Calibration Failures

Looking back at how the updated standard deviations would have impacted calibration success, there appears to be 3 ei failures, with 2 of those being new failures. The second is shown below and appears appropriate.



Updated WPD Industry EWMA

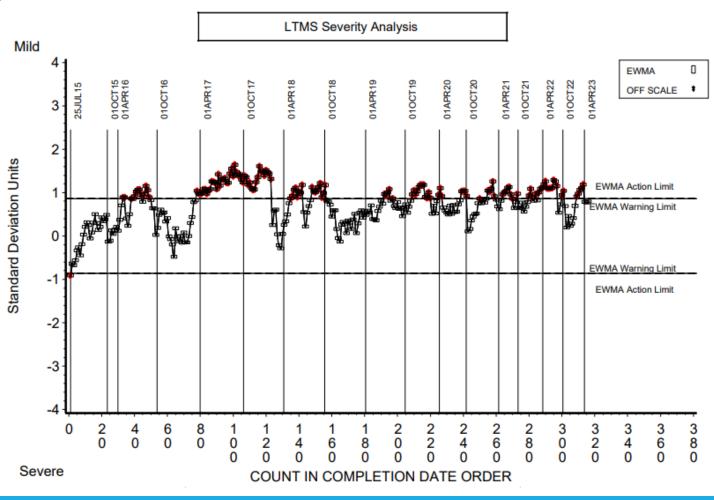
Below is the estimated updated Industry EWMA with the 438-2 target update and the updated standard deviations.



APV

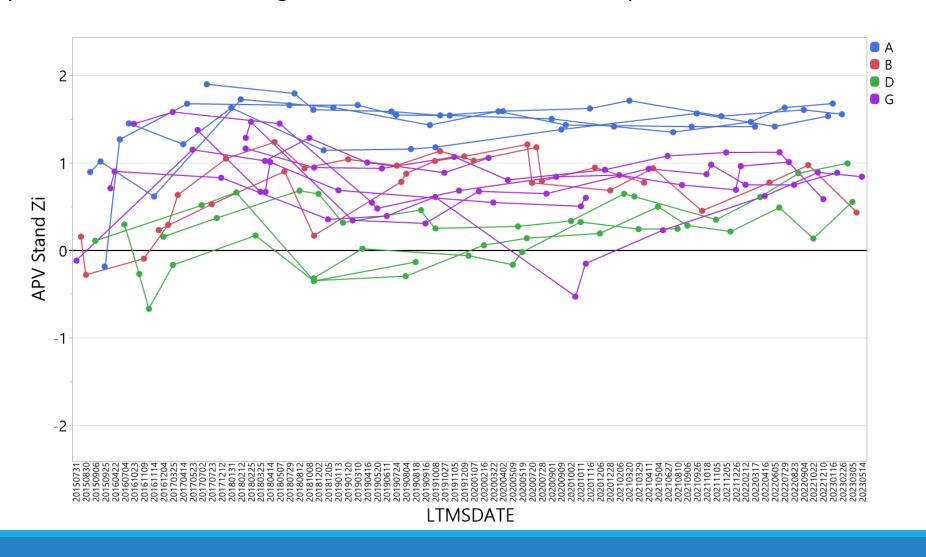
APV Industry EWMA

APV is trending similar to PVIS currently, just less than one standard deviation mild, but has been more consistently mild, rarely dipping below the zero line.



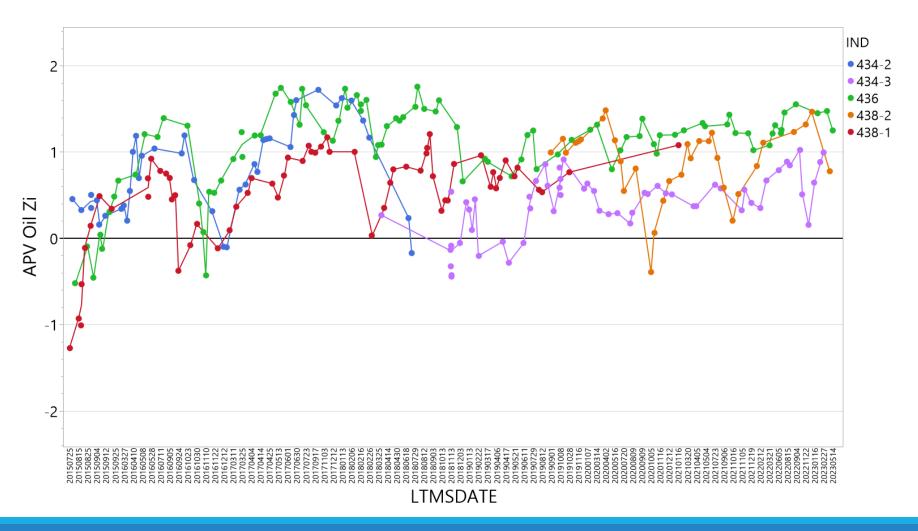
APV Zi by Lab-Stand

Lab A appears to have stands running milder than the rest of the industry.



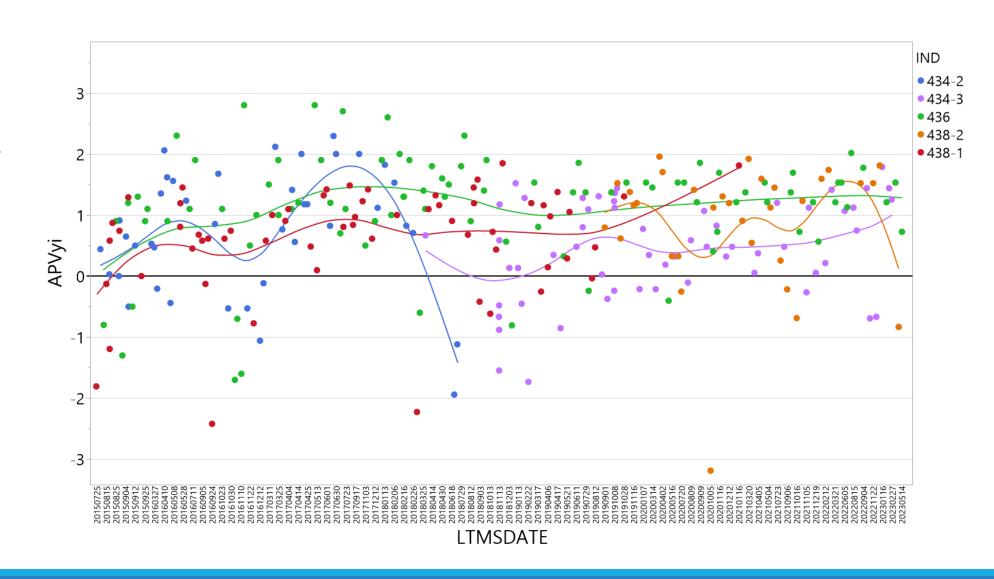
APV EWMA by Oil

436 has trended mild for a long time now. 438-2 appears to have been introduced at a similar time to when 434-3 and 436 were shifting milder, around summer/early fall of 2019.



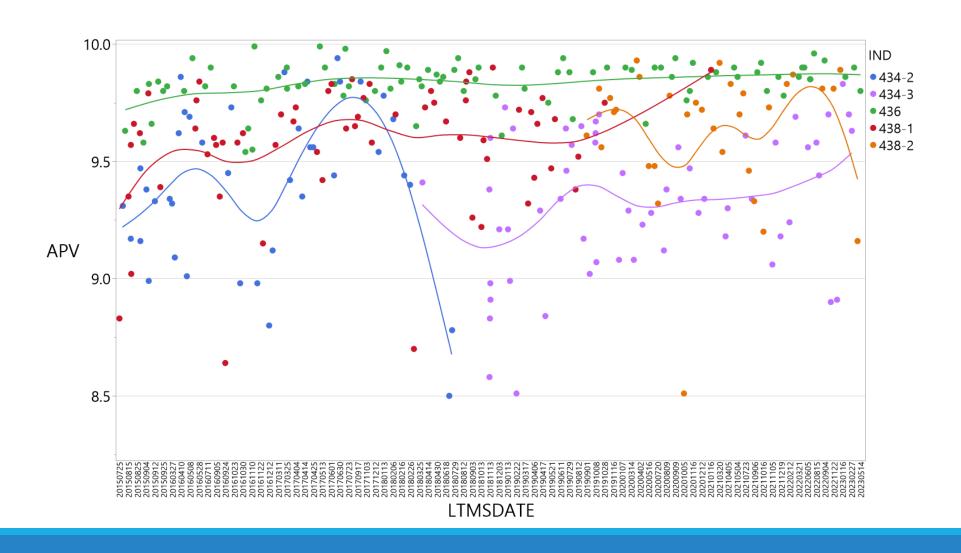
APV Yi by Oil, All Labs Combined

All oils are mild to some degree for the majority of the time since inception of this test, with 434-3 closest to target.



Choosing a Time Period for Standard Deviation Calculations

Standard deviations were calculated using all data for each of the reference oils.



Estimated Standard Deviations

The table to the right shows the recommended updates to the standard deviations.

Oil	LTMS Standard Deviation	Recommended New Standard Deviation
434-3	0.375	0.3000
438-2	0.276	0.2889
436	0.124	0.0941 0.124



Current S.A. Std. Dev.	Recommended S.A. Std. Dev.
0.327	0.2376

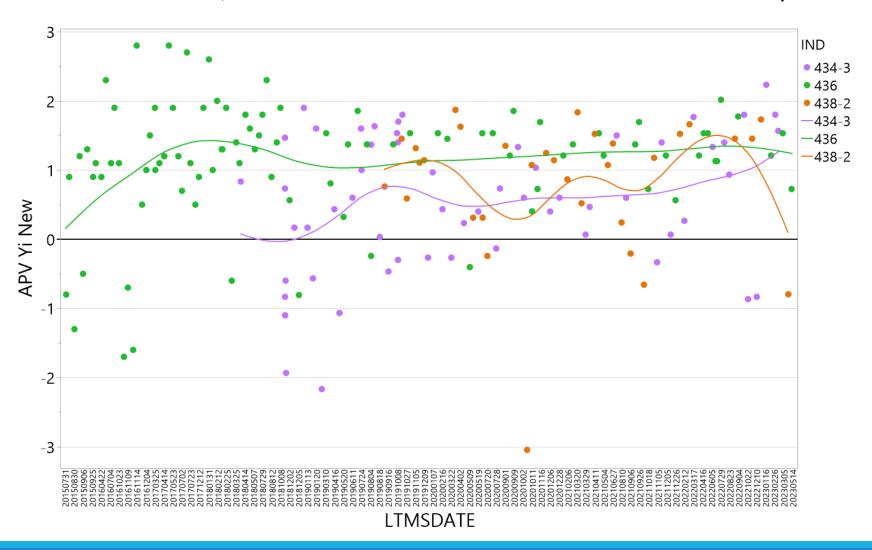
Leave 436 alone in case of shift toward target.



Average of 3 Ref. Oil Standard Deviations

Updated APV Yi Plot by Oil

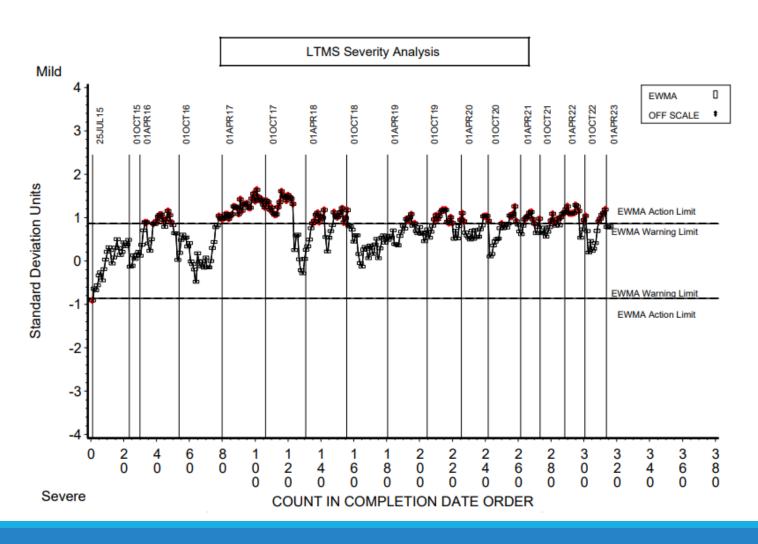
With the updated standard deviations, the scatter of the reference oil results is more reasonably similar



MRV

MRV Industry EWMA

MRV is trending similarly mild to PVIS and APV.



MRV LTMS Targets

The MRV parameter uses Yi values from PVIS for oil 434-3. LTMS updates are therefore only considered here for 436 and 438-2.

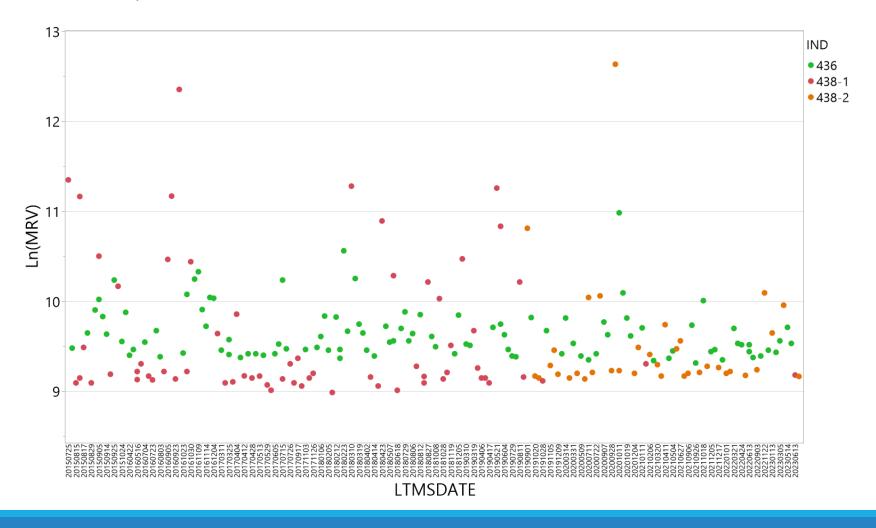
MRV Viscosity Unit of Measure: ln(MRV)

Reference Oil	Mean	Standard Deviation
434-2	11.1107	0.5220
434-3 ^A		
436	9.7854	0.2423
438-1	9.8189	0.9132

^A For oil 434-3, use Sequence IIIH PVIS Yi value as MRV Yi value

Ln(MRV) by LTMS Date

Below is a plot of Ln(MRV) by date. With 438-2 seeming milder, standard deviations will be calculated separately for this re-blend, similar to what was done for PVIS.



MRV LTMS Standard Deviation Updates

Using the raw standard deviation, the below summary statistics show the recommended updates.

MRV Viscosity Unit of Measure: ln(MRV)

Reference Oil	Mean	Standard Deviation
434-2	11.1107	0.5220
434-3 ^A		
436	9.7854	0.2423
438-1	9.8189	0.9132

^A For oil 434-3, use Sequence IIIH PVIS Yi value as MRV Yi value

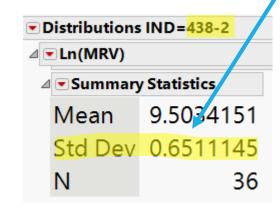
Distributions Oil=436

□ Ln(MRV)
□ Summary Statistics

Mean 9.6468216

Std Dev 0.2864332

N 104



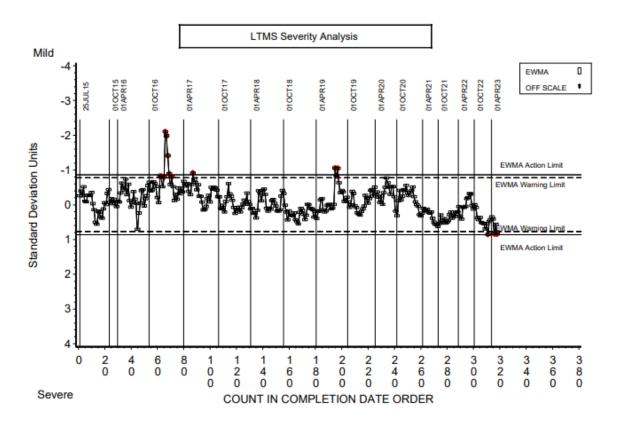
There would be no new calibration failures as a result of the 438-2 standard deviation decrease.

Severity adjustment standard deviation 0.4725 → 0.4538.

Phosphorus Retention

PHOS Industry EWMA

Phos retention has been mostly under control but moved near the severe alarm limit recently.



PHOS LTMS Targets

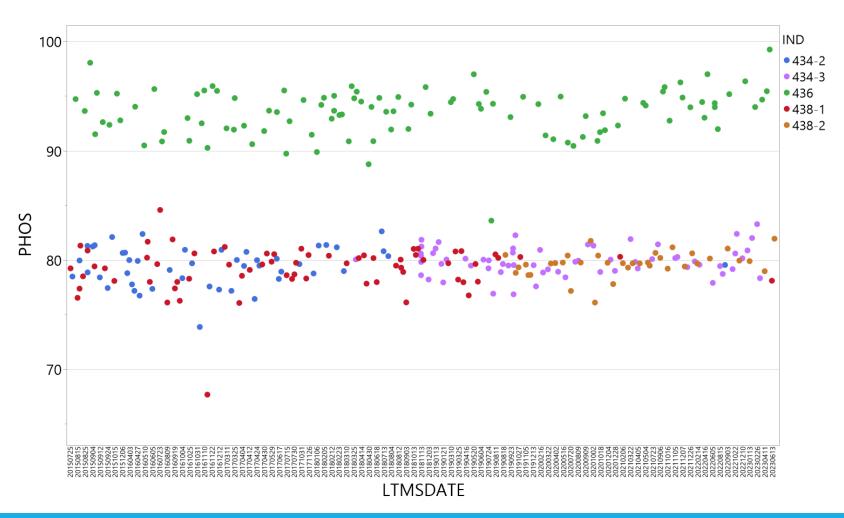
Below are the LTMS means and standard deviations.

PHOSPHOROUS RETENTION Unit of Measure: Percent

Reference Oil	Mean	Standard Deviation
434-2	79.95	1.58
434-3	79.95	1.58
436	94.15	2.02
438-1	78.92	1.54

PHOS by LTMS Date

Below is a plot of PHOS by date. The data seems consistent over time and re-blends, with a couple of outliers.



PHOS LTMS Standard Deviation Updates

The following steps were followed to obtain the standard deviations:

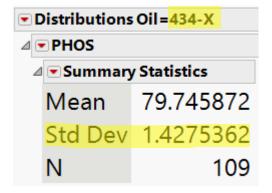
- 1. Filtered to Chartable = Y
- 2. Combined re-blends into single oil and ran a model with PHOS ~ Oil.
- 3. Filtered out studentized residuals greater than +/- 3 (four points removed).
- 4. Calculated raw standard deviations with outliers removed and re-blends combined.

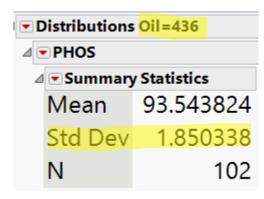
Unit of	Measure:	Percent	

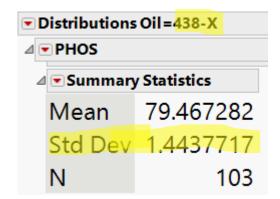
PHOSPHOROUS RETENTION

Reference Oil	Mean	Standard Deviation
434-2	79.95	1.58
434-3	79.95	1.58
436	94.15	2.02
438-1	78.92	1.54

There would only be one additional calibration failure with these changes, which would be the most recent run on stand A-3, which was the most mild result to date on oil 434-3 at 83.27%.







Summary

Summary of Recommended Changes, PVIS and WPD

Below is a summary of the recommended changes for PVIS and WPD.

PVIS

Oil	LTMS Standard Deviation	Recommended New Standard Deviation
434-3	0.6598	<mark>0.5845</mark>
438-2	0.9558	<mark>0.4950</mark>
436	0.3138	<mark>0.4005</mark>

Current	Recommended S.A.
S.A. Std. Dev.	Std. Dev.
0.4641	0.4933

WPD

Oil	LTMS Mean	Recommended New LTMS Mean	LTMS Standard Deviation	Recommended New Standard Deviation
434-3	4.16		0.70	<mark>0.42</mark>
438-2	3.66	<mark>3.87</mark>	0.43	<mark>0.26</mark>
436	4.63		0.28	<mark>0.34</mark>

Current	Recommended S.A.	
S.A. Std. Dev.	Std. Dev.	
0.47	<mark>0.35</mark>	

Summary of Recommended Changes, APV, MRV, PHOS

Below is a summary of the recommended changes for APV, MRV, and PHOS.

APV

Oil	LTMS Standard Deviation	Recommended New Standard Deviation
434-3	0.375	<mark>0.3000</mark>
438-2	0.276	<mark>0.2889</mark>
436	0.124	<mark>0.124</mark>

Current	Recommended S.A.
S.A. Std. Dev.	Std. Dev.
0.327	<mark>0.2376</mark>

MRV

Oil	LTMS Standard Deviation	Recommended New Standard Deviation
434-3		
438-2	0.9132	<mark>0.6511</mark>
436	0.2423	<mark>0.2864</mark>

Current	Recommended S.A.
S.A. Std. Dev.	Std. Dev.
0.4725	<mark>0.4538</mark>

PHOS

Oil	LTMS Standard Deviation	Recommended New Standard Deviation
434-3	1.58	<mark>1.43</mark>
438-2	1.54	<mark>1.44</mark>
436	2.02	<mark>1.85</mark>

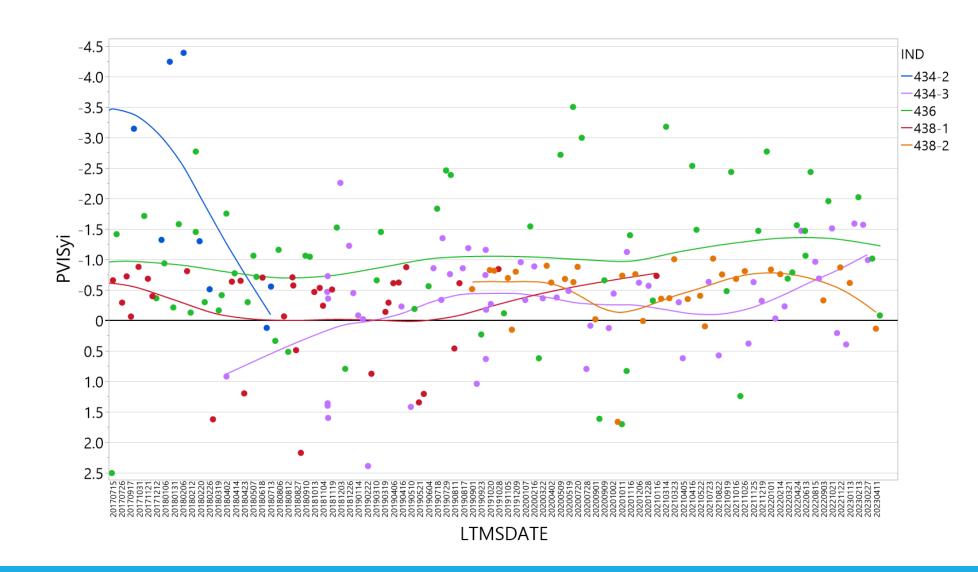
Current	Recommended S.A.
S.A. Std. Dev.	Std. Dev.
1.53	<mark>1.57</mark>

Appendix Additional Slides

PVIS Yi by Oil, All Labs Combined

Though the biggest problem is clearly 436, there are a handful of recent 434-3 results which have been milder than normal as well.

The total spread of all 436 results is about 5 standard deviations wide (approx. +/- 2.5 from average), and much smaller for other two oils.



Average and Standard Deviation Since 2020

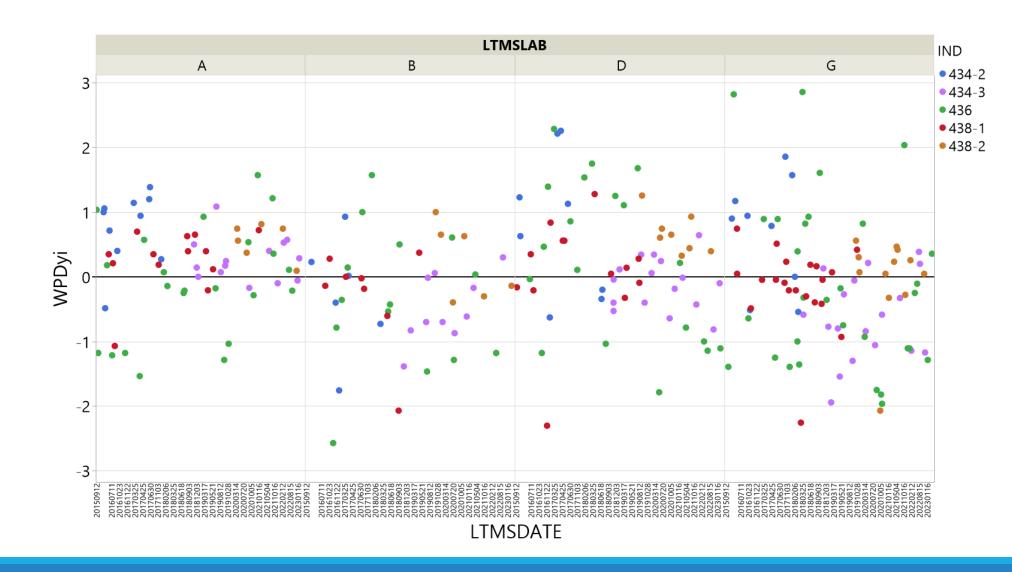
The realized standard deviation of Yi results for Oil 436 since 2020 is almost 3 times higher than the other two oils. The target Yi standard deviation should be a value of one. The data indicates that the standard deviations are too large for 434-3 and 438-2, but too small for oil 436.

Reference Oil	LTMS Mean	LTMS Standard Deviation	Mean – 2 Std. Dev.	Mean + 2 Std. Dev.
434-3	5.7602 (317%)	0.6598	4.4406 (85%)	7.0798 (1,188%)
438-2	3.9754 (53%)	0.9558	2.0638 (8%)	5.887 (360%)
436	3.3289 (28%)	0.3138	2.7013 (15%)	3.9565 (52%)

Oil	Yi Average	Yi Std. Dev.	n
434-3	-0.43 (239%)	0.66	30
438-2	-0.48 (34%)	0.55	26
436	-1.19 (19%)	1.42	29

WPD Yi by Oil and Lab

Oil 436 again appears to be much more variable than the other oils at all labs.



Average and Standard Deviation Since 2020

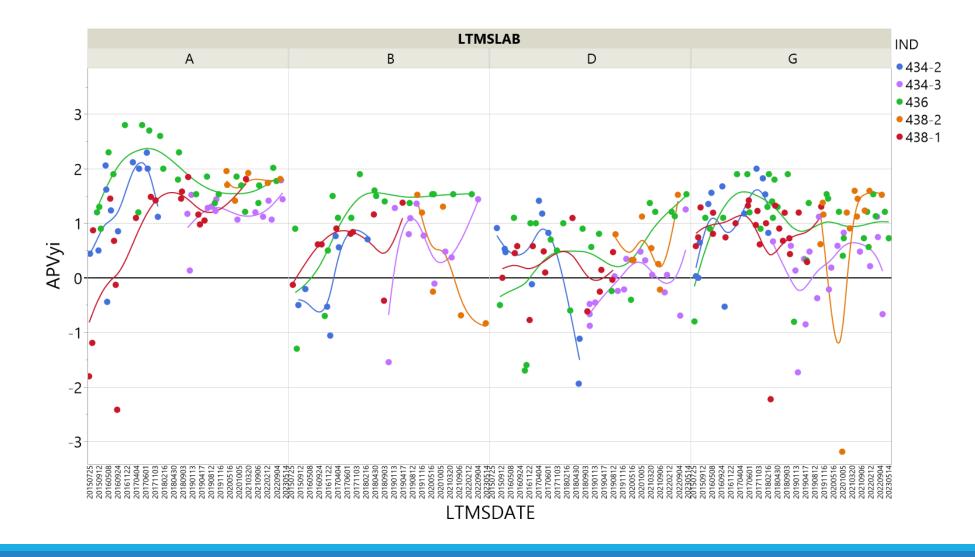
The realized standard deviation of Yi results for Oil 436 since 2020 is almost 3 times higher than the other two oils. The target Yi standard deviation should be a value of one. The data indicates that the standard deviations are too large for 434-3 and 438-2, and just slightly too small for oil 436.

Reference Oil	LTMS Mean	LTMS Standard Deviation	Mean – 2 Std. Dev.	Mean + 2 Std. Dev.
434-3	4.16	0.70	2.76	5.56
438-2	3.66	0.43	2.80	4.52
436	4.63	0.28	4.07	5.19

Oil	Yi Average	Yi Std. Dev.	n
434-3	-0.19	0.54	30
438-2	0.23	0.61	26
436	-0.39	1.05	29

APV Yi by Oil and Lab

APV is mild to varying degrees at all labs.



Average and Standard Deviation Since 2020

Yi standard deviations are less than one for 2/3 of the oils. 436 standard deviation likely smaller due to its proximity to the upper end of the scale.

Reference Oil	LTMS Mean	LTMS Standard Deviation	Mean – 2 Std. Dev.	Mean + 2 Std. Dev.
434-3	9.16	0.375	8.41	9.91
438-2	9.39	0.276	8.84	9.94
436	9.71	0.124	9.46	9.96

Oil	Yi Average	Yi Std. Dev.	n
434-3	0.57 (9.37)	0.64	30
438-2	0.82 (9.61)	1.15	26
436	1.25 (9.87)	0.50	29