

# ASTM D02.B0.07 D874 Surveillance Panel



# Objectives of this presentation

1. Update SP progress and next steps
2. Invite guidance on future directions

*From D02.B0.07 mtg June 06 at Toronto*

## 2006 Deliverables

- Detailed implementation plan for LTMS
  - Including selection of reference oils
  - Fully adopted before year-end, if possible
- Recommendation on future viability of a sulfated ash calculation method (e.g. SAE J1787),

# A Team Effort

- Kishore Nadkarni
- Tom Schofield
- Joe Franklin
- Becky Grinfield
- John Mattern
- Pat Fetterman
- Lew Williams
- David Hwang
- And many others .....

# Monitoring System

Option C was consensus selection

- Test reference oil RL90 once per calendar day on which candidate tests are conducted. This will encourage SPC charts.
- blind TMC samples will be tested at 90 day frequency.
- Cost per lab will be ~\$2500 per year

# Round Robin

- 8 participating labs
- 6 TMC reference oils
  - Not as broad spectrum as basis for existing D874 precision statement
  - Purpose is to select oils for blind referencing process
  - Triplicate determinations, on different days
- RR completed last week !

<b>Oil</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>811-2</b>	<b>820-2</b>	<b>862-1</b>	<b>PC10A</b>
n	21	21	21	21	20	21
Min	0.95	0.76	0.76	1.45	0.76	0.85
<b>Average SAsh, Mass %</b>	<b>1.08</b>	<b>0.82</b>	<b>0.92</b>	<b>1.58</b>	<b>0.82</b>	<b>0.89</b>
sR	0.08	0.05	0.09	0.08	0.05	0.03
Max	1.27	1.03	1.13	1.80	0.95	0.98
95% Upper	1.24	0.93	1.10	1.74	0.92	0.96
95% Lower	0.92	0.72	0.74	1.42	0.73	0.83
Median No. Resulfates	0	0	0	0	0	0
Median Final Furnace Cycles	5	3	4	3	4	3

**Overall (6 oils)****sr = 0.041****sR = 0.069****r = 0.115****R = 0.193****D874-06 @  
1.0 Mass % SAsh****r = 0.060****R = 0.142**

**Interactions significant  
(not all labs characterized the six oils the same way)**

# SP Next Steps

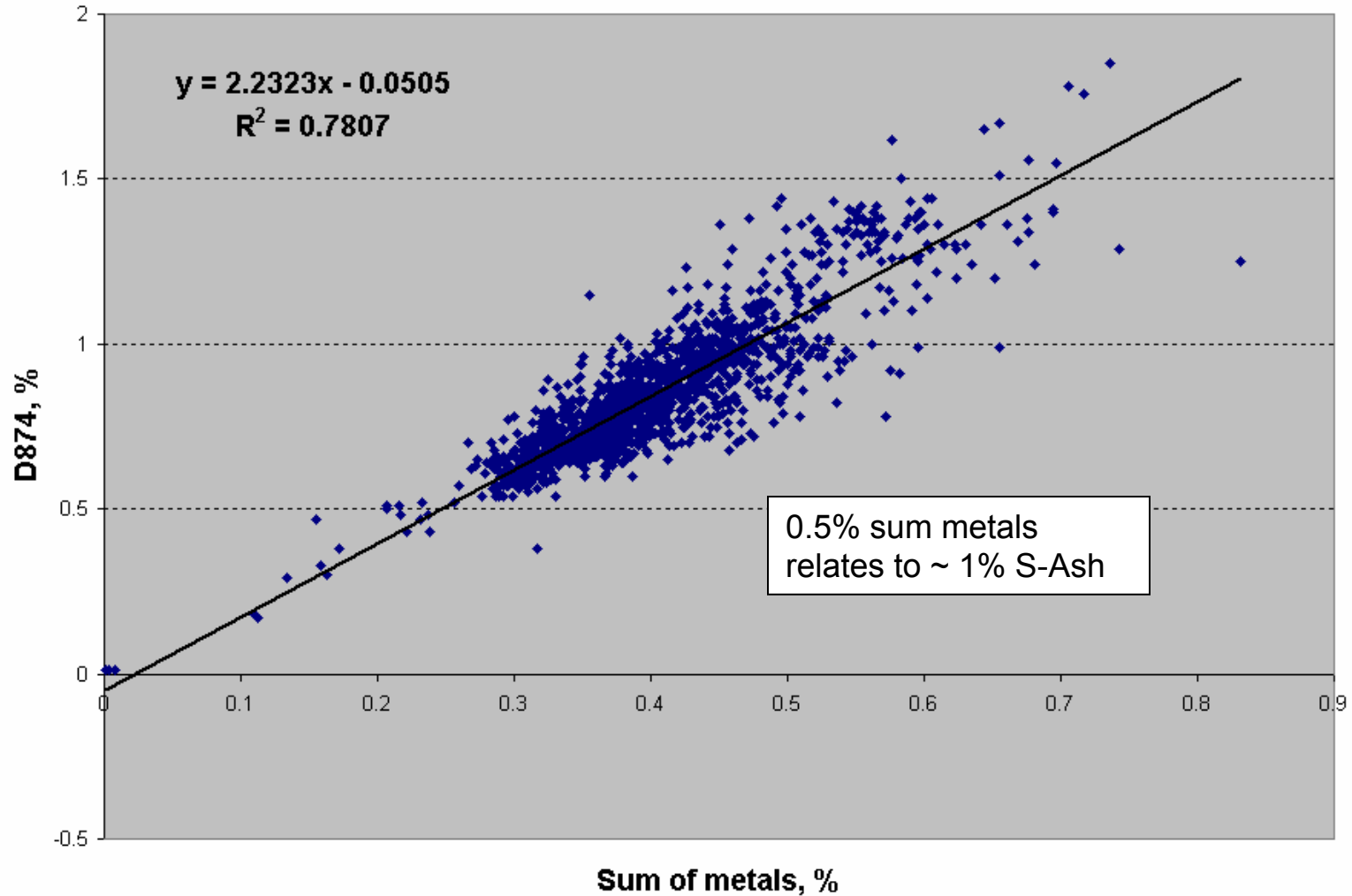
- Consensus on RR analysis
- Confirm selection of references for blind monitoring
- Recruit more participation
  - Presently only 3 labs
- Plan “rater” workshop(s), contingent on adequate participation



# Limiting Factors

- D874 has many applications and a long history, and no one seems interested in changing it
- Technologies for an improved D874 (wet-chemistry based) would require substantial development

# SP found no support for development of calculation approach



# What's Next ?

- Many questions remain to be answered about relationships between lube oil metals content and DPF plugging
- Everyone should want something more precise than D874 for future LEDL specifications, but what will it be?