

DD13 Task Force Meeting Minutes

June 5, 2014

Paulsboro, NJ

Attendance

SwRI - Martin Thompson, Jim McCord, Bob Warden

TEI - Mark Sutherland

Intertek - Brad Carter, Jim Moritz

Volvo - Bengt Otterholm, Allison Athey, Greg Shank

Afton - Christian Porter, Bob Campbell

Chevron - Shawn Whitacre

Infineum - Jim Gutzwiller, Joan Evan, Elisa Santos, Bob Salgueiro

Oronite - Mark Cooper, Jim Rutherford (via conference call)

TMC - Jeff Clark, Sean Moyer (via conference call)

Lubrizol - Jim Matasic, Mike Conrad, Kevin O'Malley (via conference call)

John Loop (via conference call)

ExxonMobil - Steve Kennedy, Mike Alessi

Daimler - Mesfin Belay, John Cruz, Greg Braziunas

CPD Report - Mark Sutherland (presentation attached)

In general parts supply is in good order.

- There are two different part numbers for liners. There is no difference in the parts, they are basically identical. Labeling appears to be the only difference.
- There has been a change in piston pins. The end of the new pins have a recess. The test will run the old design until further notice.
- TEI presented the comprehensive parts list. Items in red indicate an item that has changed.

Meeting Goals - John Cruz

Two main goals for the meeting are to determine 'Fit for purpose' and 'Matrix readiness' status.

Data Review - Jim Matasic (presentation attached)

Jim noted that EOT soot was higher for Lubrizol's tests compared to SwRI and IAR (oil C runs). A change to new injectors appears to have reduced soot generation and it was noted that SwRI and IAR tests were with new injectors. An injector life limit or soot limit may need to be considered.

Fit for Purpose - John Cruz

John stated that Daimler believes that the test is fit for purpose because it addresses a PC-11 need, it responds to formulation differences, and it correlates to the field. John asked if there were any questions and none were forthcoming. Jim Matasic moved, and John Cruz second, that the task force declared the test was fit for purpose. Discussion notes:

- Shawn Whitacre of Chevron asked what was the relevance of the test running with uncoated rings to the field. John Cruz responded that he felt it correlates to oils C and D.
- Bob Salgueiro reiterated Infineum's concerns regarding the reversing of relative performance of oils A and B when hardware was changed. John stated he is more confident of the results of the current procedure rather than the version the earlier A and B results were generated from.
- Infineum was also concerned about the use of uncoated rings. Greg Braziunas stated that the service concern is mountain routes and the uncoated rings are used in the test to accelerate the engine wear.
- Bob Campbell echoed Infineum's concerns and stated he was not convinced that it is understood how oils A and B perform in the field and therefore doesn't have confidence that the test will properly screen oils. He was also worried that shutdowns appear to be driving scuffing. Jim Matasic responded that the scuffing response to shutdowns is varied and may not be directly causing the scuffing. Jim also stated that oils A and B were run on a different version of the procedure. The relative performance of those oils is not relevant to the pass/fail regime.
- Greg B stated that the field scuffing failures originally associated with Oil B were later determined unrelated to oil performance. Bob asked if that was the motivation for the test, is there then still a need? Greg stated that there is no other scuffing protection in PC-11, so they believe the test is still needed, especially with lower viscosities and the scuffing events aren't the main motivator for the test.
- Mark Cooper of Oronite stated they are very concerned about the use of uncoated rings. They also have field data on low HTHS oils and have not seen any scuffing. Greg B stated that he believes those oils would pass, but there is still a need to screen out oils that would scuff.
- Sean Moyer asked if oil C was a passing oil if it had scuffing in the field. Greg responded that oil C's performance in the field is acceptable and can be used to set passing performance level. After a question from Bob Campbell, Greg conceded that the task force does not currently have a failing oil, but what they are trying to protect against is a borderline formulation that only changes viscometrics to meet lower viscosity limits.

- At this point in the meeting, Daimler reviewed some information to hopefully address questions (see attached presentation). Daimler proposes using comparison to reference oil results to determine pass/fail of a candidate, using a margin of measurement error. It was noted that Matrix oils are not necessarily viewed as potential reference oils. Daimler desires an oil that performs similar to oil C. Daimler proposes that each stand run the reference oil both before and after the matrix runs. After lots of free flowing comments, questions, and discussion, the vote was taken.

Vote:

Daimler - Yes

Lubrizol - Yes

ExxonMobil - No

TMC - Waive

Afton - No

Oronite - No

Infineum - No

Chevron - No

Volvo - Waive

Intertek - Yes

TEI - Yes

SwRI - No

The motion failed to carry with 4 Yes, 6 No, 2 Waive. It was commented by Daimler and Lubrizol that they believe fit for purpose has been met but the discussion and the results reflect more of a vote on matrix readiness. Much more discussion occurred without resolution or a clear path forward. Steve Kennedy suggested that perhaps the first step is for EMA to examine this issue and then bring a position forward regarding the DD13 test, recognizing a delay may be unavoidable.

At this point, the meeting was approaching the end of its published time and members were leaving to meet their travel arrangements.

The meeting adjourned at roughly 4 p.m.



Detroit Diesel DD13

CPD Report

DD13 CPD Report Contents

- Issues/Updates/Observations
 - Liners
 - Piston Pins
 - Parts List



DD13 CPD Report

Parts

- Liners
 - 2 different part numbers possible
 - R4710112910 and R4710110810
 - No difference in the part
 - Both machined on the same line



DD13 CPD Report Parts



Mark Sutherland 8/26/2013



DD13 CPD Report

Parts

- Piston Pins
 - Change in part and part number
 - R47102001 and R47104001
 - R47104001 supersedes 2001





DD13 CPD Report

Original Parts List

DDC 13 Rebuild Kit Parts List

	Part Number	Definition (DIBS)	QTY
1	A4710302217	Piston Assembly	6
2	A4710380110	Upper Con Rod Bearings	6
3	A4710380111	Lower Con Rod Bearings	6
4	A4710330101	Upper Main Bearing	6
5	A4710330202	Lower Main Bearing	6
6	A4710300020	Connecting Rod	6
7	A4710112010	Liner	6
8	A4710110259	CSR	
9	A0249943945	Top Liner Seal	
10	A0239975545	Bottom Liner Seal	
11	A4710161120	Cylinder Head Gasket for CSR	
12	A4710160069	Head Bolts	38
13	A4710507	Upper Thrust Bearing	2
14	A4710508	Lower Thrust Bearing	
15	A4719940241	Piston Pin Retainer	12
16	EA4710501231	Intake Rocker Shaft	1
17	A4729920350	Intake Rocker Shaft Narrow Spacer	6
18	A4729920650	Intake Rocker Shaft Wide Spacer	6
19	A4710500033	Intake Rocker Arm	6
20	EA4710500831	Exhaust Rocker Shaft	1
21	A4710550151	Ring (Exh Rocker Shaft Spacer)	6
22	EA4720501334	Exhaust Rocker Arm	6
23	A4720501634	Exhaust Rocker Arm	6
24	EA4710500034	Exhaust Rocker Arm	6
25	A4710160720	Upper End Gasket Set	
26		Special Made Top Ring	6



DD13 CPD Report

Current Parts List

DD13 Rebuild Kit Number _____

Page 1

Date:					Assembler:					Shipped to:				
Item	Qty	Delivered	Part Number	Description	Item	Qty	Delivered	Part Number	Description	Item	Qty	Delivered	Part Number	Description
1	6		A4710303017	Piston	26	6		A4720503034	Exhaust Rocker Arm					
2	6		A4710517	Second Ring	27	6		EA4710500034	Exhaust Rocker Arm					
3	6		A4710818001	Oil Ring	28	1		A4710161120	Head Gasket					
4	6		A47104001	Pin	29	6		HNF471C026	Special Made Top Ring					
5	12		A4719940241	Retainer	30	1		A4712030680	Gasket					
6	6		A4710380110	Upper Con Rod Brqs	31	1		A4712030780	Gasket					
7	6		A4710380111	Lower Con Rod Brqs	32	1		A4711420180	Gasket					
8	7		A4710330101	Upper Main Bearing	33	1		A4711420280	Gasket					
9	6		A4710330202	Lower Main Bearing	34	6		A4600700487	Bolt w/seals					
10	6		A4710300020	Connecting Rod	35	1		A4722000154	Tube Seal					
11	6		A4710112910	Liner	36	1		A4721400548	Tube Seal					
12	6		A4710110259	CSR	37	1		A4721420880	Gasket					
13	6		A0249943945	Top Liner Seal	38	6		A4720980080	Gasket					
14	6		A0239975545	Bottom Liner Seal	39	1			Grooved O-ring					
15	6		A4711800043	Cooling Nozzles	40	1			O-ring					
16	38		A4710160069	Head Bolts	41	1		A4712031180	Small Cover Seal					
17	2		A4710507	Upper Thrust Bearing	42	1		A4710160480	Valve Cover Gasket					
18	2		A4710508	Lower Thrust Bearing	43	1		A4710160221	Valve Cover Gasket					
19	1		EA4710501231	Intake Rocker Shaft	44	1		A0159975746	Seal Kit					
20	6		A4729920350	IR Shft Narrow Spacer	45	1		A4720110180	Front Cover Seal					
21	6		A4729920650	IR Shft Wide Spacer	46	1		A0159974946	Seal Kit					
22	6		A4710500033	Intake Rocker Arm	47	1		A4710140422	Oil Pan Gasket					
23	1		EA4710500831	Exhaust Rocker Shaft	48	1		A4722010080	Waterpump Gasket					
24	6		A4710550151	Ring (ER Shft Spacer)	49	1		A4710150180	Seal Kit					
25	6		EA4720501334	Exhaust Rocker Arm										

Mark Sutherland 8/26/2013



Questions ?



DAIMLER

DD13 Scuffing Test Task Force Meeting

Paulsboro, NJ

June 5, 2014

Task Force Agenda

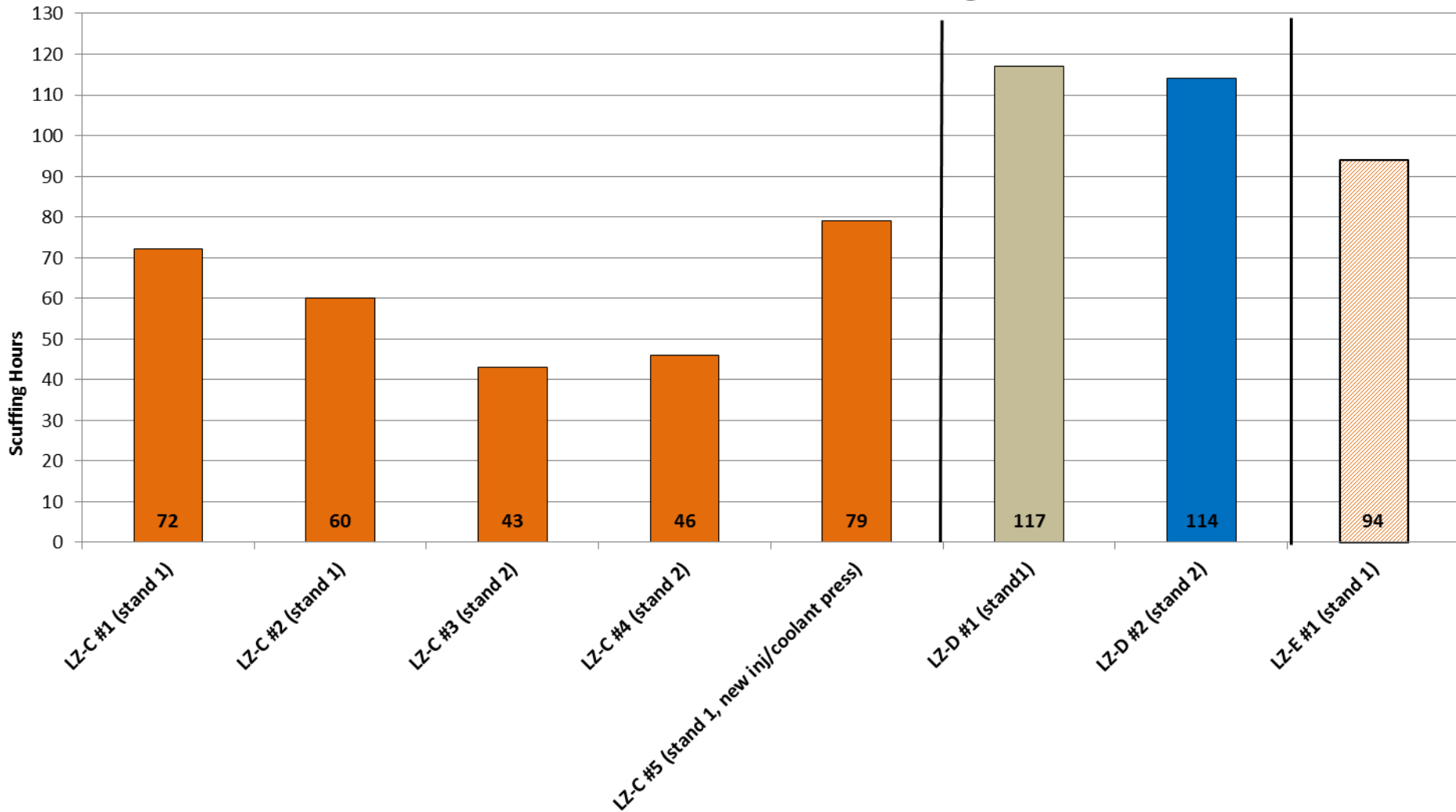
- Task Force Meeting Goals: Fit for Purpose & Matrix Readiness
- CPD Report
- Data Review
- Fit for Purpose
- Test Discussion
 - Scuffing Characteristics
 - Reference Oil Discussion
- Matrix Readiness
- Procedure/Test Report
- Next Steps

Task Force Meeting Goals

- Two topics of focus:
 1. Fit for Purpose
 - Does the test meet a need by an OEM?
 - Does the test discriminate in a meaningful way?
 - Does the test show relevance to the field?
 2. Matrix Readiness
 - Are the parts available for testing?
 - Are the stands ready for testing?
 - Does the test show the repeatability and reproducibility required for matrix testing?

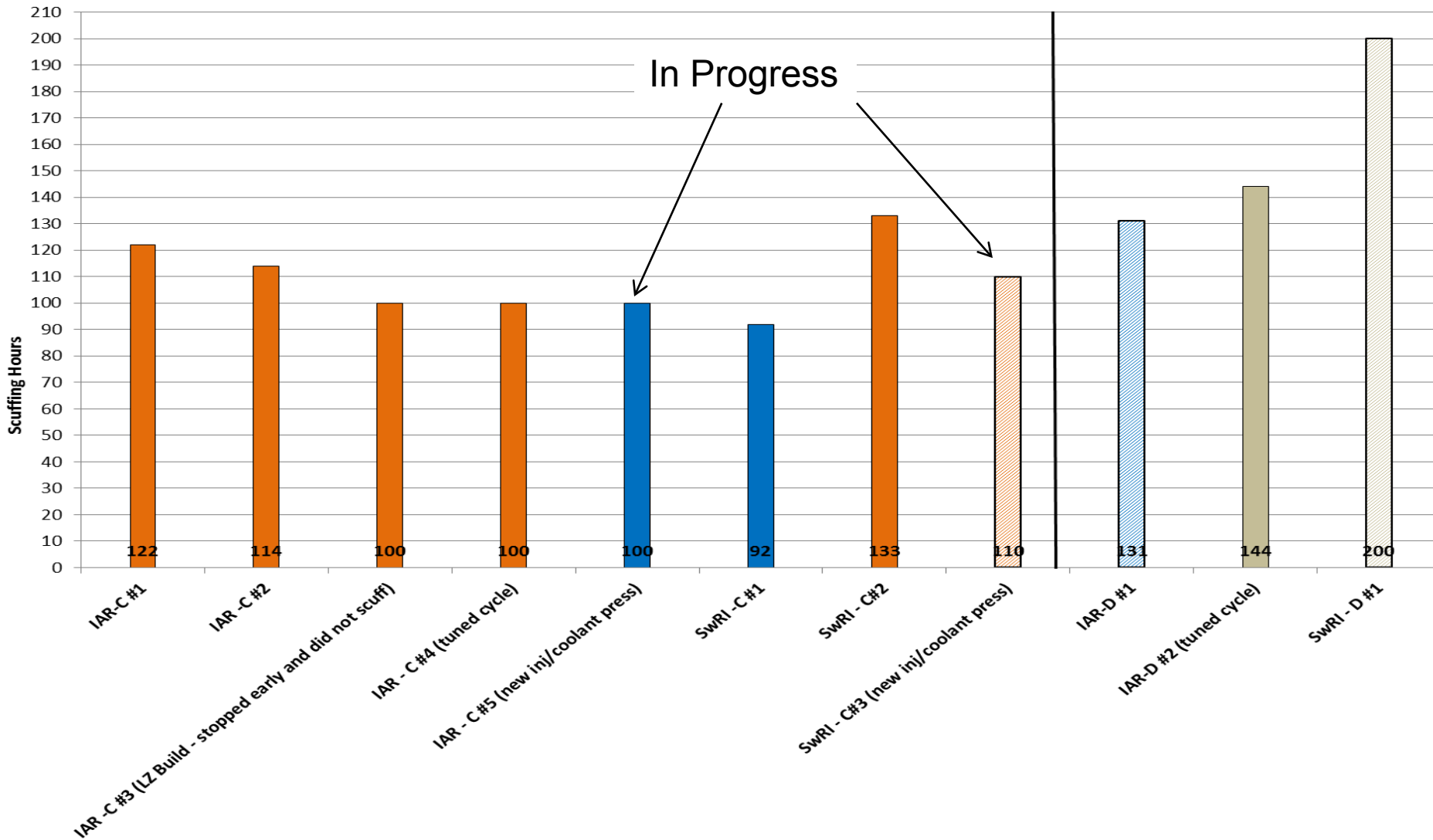
Data Review

Lubrizol DD13 Scuffing Results

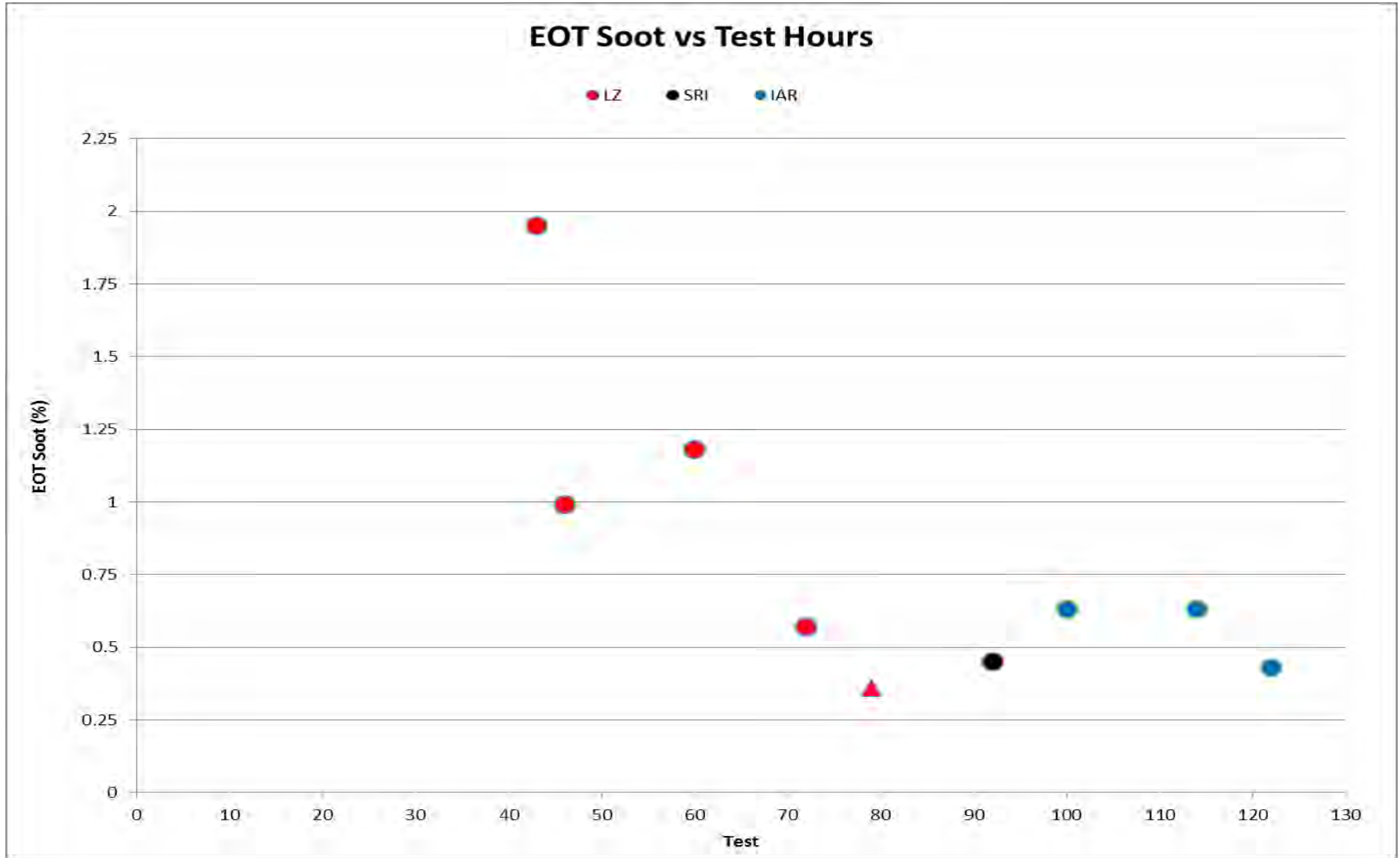


Data Review

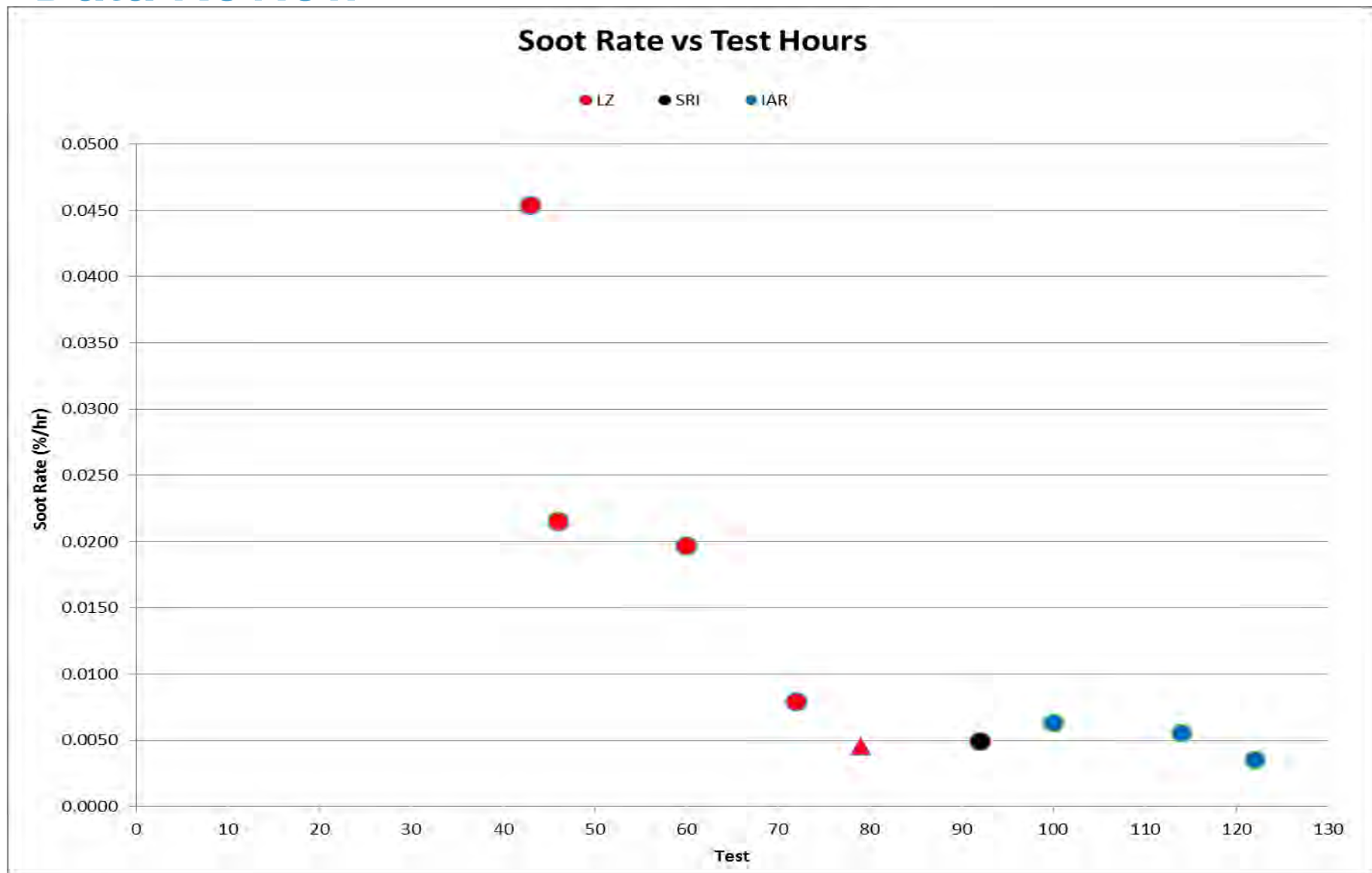
Intertek/SRI DD13 Scuffing Results



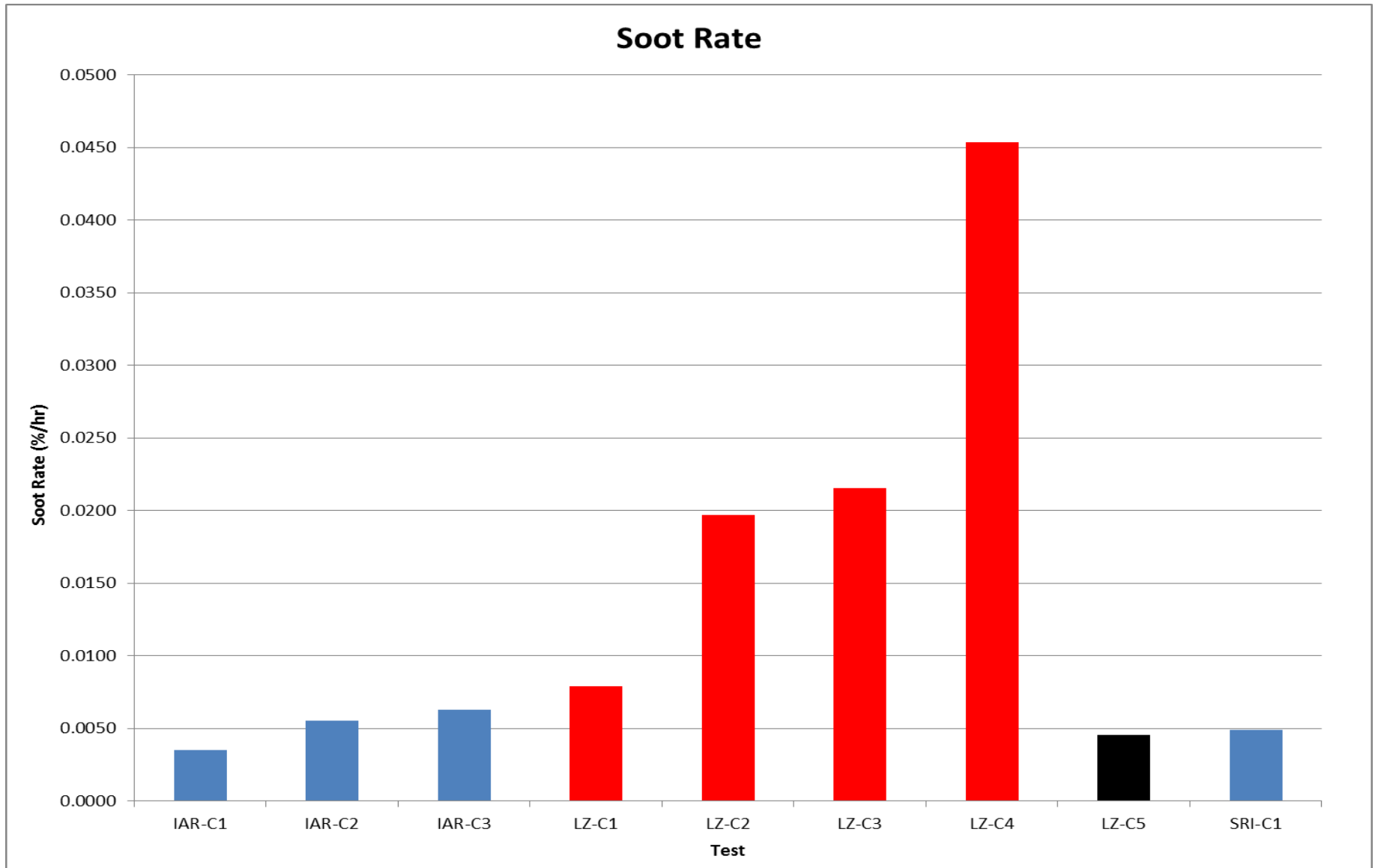
Data Review



Data Review



Data Review



Fit for Purpose



The DD13 Scuffing Test has met the intended goals it had set to accomplish.

Goal	Rationale
Addresses a PC-11 Need	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Lower viscosity oil → More boundary / mixed lubrication → adhesive wear• No CJ-4 tests address adhesive wear• EMA requested scuffing test in June 21, 2011 letter
Responds to formulation differences (not driven by oil viscometrics)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• All Labs discriminate Field Oils C & D• C & D share similar viscometrics → discrimination is based on formulation, not viscometrics
Field Correlation	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• DDC field data on oils C and D

Scuffing Characteristics

- Scuffing is predominantly adhesive wear, characterized by localized welding, metal transfer, and extreme wear rates.
- A good engine can get into scuff mode by any number of conditions: oil performance, coolant temperature, combustion temperature, injection pressure and spray pattern.
 - Scuffing test eliminates possibility of oil performance.
- Evidence from scuffing tests shows that there is no meaningful parameter for scuffing over time – oil eventually “breaks” in a repeatable and discriminating manner. Scuffing is simply an ON / OFF failure mode.
- Time is a relative term – the test is a “run to failure” evaluation.
- **Based on this information, a simple pass / fail criteria can be achieved, all based on relative performance of a known reference oil.**

Proposal for Reference Oil

- Each lab has shown repeatability and correct directional or statistical discrimination between the field tested oils (Oil C and Oil D) in the DD13 Scuffing test
- Proposal: We would like to establish an in-lab pass / fail criteria in reference to a known oil
- If a stand consistently shows correct discrimination, then pass/fail limits could be determined by Reference Oil result at each stand as is done with referenced ACEA tests
- Potential criteria for rerunning reference oil could be set based on time, number of tests, test stand changes, and base engine changes
- Based on DD13 scuff test and field data, Oil C has been determined to be the borderline reference oil. The pass criteria is proposed to be \geq Oil C with Oil C being a passing result
 - If Oil C cannot be made available as a permanent reference oil, then an oil with equal performance characteristics will need to be developed.

Reference Oil Precedence (Industry Tests)

- Several ACEA engine testing protocols determine Pass/Fail limits at individual stands based upon the candidate oil having equal or better performance as compared to a reference oil result in that stand

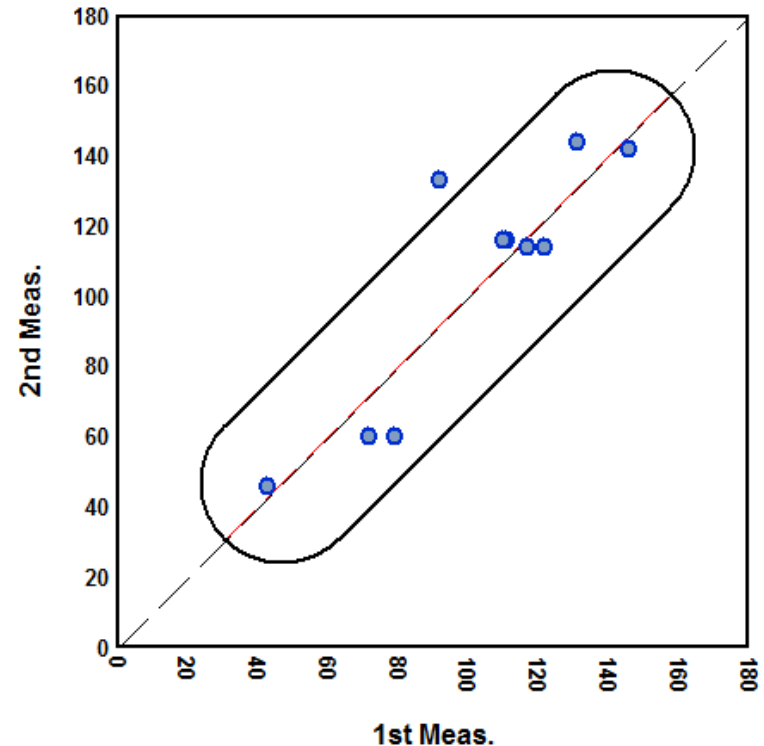
Examples:

Test Protocol	Measurement	Reference Oil Comparison
CEC K-088-02 (TU5JP-L4)	Piston Varnish Merits	\geq RL 216
	Viscosity Increase	$\leq 0.8 \times$ RL 216
CEC L-093-04 (DV4TD)	Viscosity Increase @ 100° C / 6% Soot	$\leq 0.6 \times$ RL 223
	Piston Deposits (Merits)	\geq (RL 223 – 2.5pts)
CEC L-078-99 (VW TDi)	Piston Cleanliness (Merits)	\geq RL 206 minus 4 points or \geq RL 206
Daimler M271 test	Engine Sludge	\geq RL 140 + 4 σ
CEC L-54-96 (M111)	Fuel Economy (%)	RL 191 (≥ 3 , ≥ 2.5 , or ≥ 1)

Daimler tests

Overall Measurement Margin of Error

- An overall measurement error term should be applied to acceptance criteria
- Data from current dataset was reviewed for a potential measurement error – example as follows
- Isoplot method (Shainin) used to calculate overall measurement error from all labs
- Based on this example, a ± 23 hour is a potential margin of error for test
- Margin of error would apply to all scuffing test measurements relative to the reference oil



Delta P = 123
Delta M = 46
Discrimination Ratio = 2.7

Proposal for Matrix Testing

Based on the matrix testing recommendations, one proposal could be that the reference oil be run before and after all four tests at each stand.

DDP3	Stands	4
	Number of Technologies	2
	Number of Base Oils	1 or 2
	Number of Oils	2
	Number of Tests	16
	GpII-GpII BOI Exploration	No
	Tests per Oil	8,8
	Tests per Stand	4,4,4,4
	df for s^*	11
	95% CI for Precision*	(0.71,1.7)
	Highest Detectable Oil Difference*	1.54
	Lowest Detectable Oil Difference*	only 2 oils
	Highest Detectable Stand Difference*	2.89
Lowest Detectable Stand Difference*	2.89	

Matrix Readiness



The DD13 Scuffing Test meets the criteria for matrix testing

Goal	Rationale
Parts availability	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Over 2000 test rings purchased by TEI (Supply for over 300 tests)• Parts defined and distributed by TEI
Stand Availability	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Currently 4 available stands with 3 additional stands underway
Repeatability and Reproducibility	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Repeatability is evident from statistical evaluation• Data is reproducible from reference oil standpoint

Procedure/Test Report

- Test procedure draft is nearly complete and will be sent out/discussed in the coming weeks
- Test Report draft is also nearly complete and will be sent out for review in a couple weeks

Next Steps – Open Discussion