MEMORANDUM: 08-023

DATE: May 22, 2008

TO: Messrs. Ted Selby and Mark Devlin, Co-Chairs ASTM D02.B0.07

FROM: Tom Schofield

SUBJECT: TMC Bench Reference Test Monitoring Semiannual Report

From October 1, 2007, through March 31, 2008, for Test Areas

D6417, D5800, D6335 (TEOST), D7097 (MTEOS), D5133 (GI), D6082,

D874 and ROBO

I respectfully submit the TMC's ASTM D02.B07 Bench Reference Test Monitoring Semiannual Report for Test Areas D6417, D5800, D6335 (TEOST), D7097 (MTEOS), D5133 (GI), D6082 D874 and ROBO, with statistical summaries broken down by test area (Attachment 1).

Calibration testing precision and severity are monitored by comparing a recent period of reference test performance to "target" performance (as determined by the surveillance panels), and to performance over previous periods. The TMC monitors test precision by a pooled standard deviation (pooled s), and test severity by mean Δ /s ("mean delta over s"), where:

Pooled s = Standard deviation pooled across labs and reference oils

(i.e., The pooled precision of the test this period.)

 Δ /s = [(Single Test Result) - (Reference Oil's Target Mean Performance)] / (R.O.'s Target Precision)

(i.e., "How many standard deviations from the target mean is this test?")

Mean $\Delta/s = [\Sigma (\Delta/s)] / n$ (across reference oils and labs, and over a period of time)

(i.e., "On average, how many standard deviations from the target mean are <u>all</u> the operationally Valid calibration tests for each period?")

Note that the period severity estimates (mean Δ /s) can be averaged across oils of different performance levels because the individual test results used to calculate mean Δ /s have all been normalized into standard deviations (Δ /s) for each corresponding reference oil. Using a pooled s for estimating precision simplifies the interpretation of precision across all reference oil performance levels. These two calculations (pooled s and mean Δ /s) allow all calibration performance levels to be combined into overall period precision and severity estimates for each test type, providing a means to compare current test performance (precision and severity) to target performance and to prior periods. Individual oil targets, and current performance summaries by oil, are also reported (Attachments 2 and 3).

The tables in Attachment 1, comparing current and previous period precision and severity, have become too large to conveniently show all prior report periods. Some of the oldest period comparison periods have been eliminated to keep the information succinct and relevant.

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The blind lab codes in this report are cross-referenced, as they were in previous reports. That is, in this report, Lab A represents the same lab in each section, which is the same as Lab A in previous reports, and should remain the same lab in future reports. (The initial TMC PCEOCP Bench Test Report, of November 8, 1996, did not cross reference the labs.)

Prior to April 1, 2001, period precision and severity estimates were based on 12-months of data for some tests and six-months of data for other tests. Beginning with the report period April 1, 2001 through September 30, 2001, all test areas are analyzed over consecutive six-month intervals (a TMC report period). For more information on this decision, please refer to the TMC's web page:

ftp://ftp.astmtmc.cmu.edu/docs/bench/bo7semiannualreports/mem01-143.pdf

TMC semiannual monitoring reports for D6557 (BRT), D6795 (EOFT) and D6794 (EOWT) are being reported separately based on the division of assigned responsibilities within the TMC. (EEOC, CBT & HTCBT have always been reported separately.)

All operationally valid test data and severity plots are available on the TMC's website. Please contact the TMC if you require further information.

Attachments

c: D02.B07 Bench Test Mailing List
J. Zalar (TMC)
ftp://ftp.astmtmc.cmu.edu/docs/bench/bo7semiannualreports/mem08-023.pdf

Distribution: Email

ASTM Test Monitoring Center

Semiannual Report

ASTM D02.B07 Bench Reference Test Monitoring From October 1, 2007 through March 31, 2008

D6417, D5800, D6335 (TEOST), D7097 (MTEOS), D5133 (GI), D6082, D874 and ROBO

D6417: Estimation of Engine Oil Volatility by Capillary Gas Chromatography

MONITORED TESTING STATUS

Table 1 summarizes the reference tests reported to the TMC this period (6 labs reporting):

TABLE 1

	No. of Tests
Statistically Acceptable and Operationally Valid	13
Operationally Valid but Failed Acceptance Criteria	1
Operationally Invalid (initially reported as)	0
Operationally Invalid (after informed of failing calibration)	0
Total	14

Fail Rate of Operationally Valid Tests: 7.1%

Table 2 is a breakdown of the statistically unacceptable tests.

TABLE 2

Reason for Fail	No. of Tests
Area % Volatized @ 371°C Severe	1
Area % Volatized @ 371°C Mild	0

PRECISION AND SEVERITY

Table 3 shows the current Industry precision and severity for the Sample Area % Volatized @ 371°C test parameter for all operationally valid tests for the report period. (First calibration test completed 10/5/00.)

TABLE 3

Area % Volatized @ 371°C	n	df	Pooled s	Mean ∆/s
Initial Round Robin Study	107	101	0.46	
4/1/04 through 9/30/04	15	12	0.40	0.28
10/1/04 through 3/31/05	16	13	0.46	-0.04
4/1/05 through 9/30/05	17	14	0.61	-0.21
10/1/05 through 3/31/06	11	8	0.23	-0.58
4/1/06 through 9/30/06	12	9	0.45	0.36
10/1/06 through 3/31/07	12	9	0.54	-0.17
4/1/07 through 9/30/07	12	9	0.31	0.22
10/1/07 through 3/31/08	14	11	0.29	0.84

Table 4 shows the current severity for the Sample Area % Volatized @ 371°C parameter for each lab for all operationally valid tests for the report period.

TABLE 4

	n	Mean Δ/s
Lab A	5	1.28
Lab B	2	0.85
Lab D	1	-0.16
Lab G	2	0.49
Lab H	2	0.69
Lab S	2	0.70

D6417: Estimation of Engine Oil Volatility by Capillary Gas Chromatography, continued

INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE

D6417 reference testing is directionally more precise, as measured by Pooled s, compared to the previous period and to target precision (Table 3). However, overall performance is unusually severe of targets at 0.84 standard deviations. Severity is represented graphically in Figure 1 with an overall severe trend developing since the 01JUL07 timeline, and a more notable increase in slope (severity) after the 01JAN08 timeline. Table 4 shows five of the six participating labs trending severe, with Lab A performing more than a standard deviation severe on average for five tests this period. While only one test was severe enough to be statistically unacceptable this period, there were 7 of 14 tests more than one standard deviation severe; this is historically unusual for D6417 calibration tests. (The seven >1 s severe tests are across four labs, five instruments and on all three TMC oils, with three results from single instrument at Lab A. So, while Lab A seems to have a severely biased instrument, the severity trend this period is not limited to that lab, or that particular instrument, or to any particular TMC oil.)

TMC MEMORANDA

There were no TMC technical memos issued this report period for the D6417 test method.

D5800: Evaporation Loss of Lubricating Oils by the Noack Method

MONITORED TESTING STATUS

Table 5 summarizes the reference tests reported to the TMC this period (8 labs reporting):

TABLE 5

	No. of Tests
Statistically Acceptable and Operationally Valid	31
Operationally Valid but Failed Acceptance Criteria	3
Operationally Invalid (initially reported as)	0
Operationally Invalid (after informed of failing calibration)	0
Total	34

Fail Rate of Operationally Valid Tests: 8.8%

Table 6 is a breakdown of the statistically unacceptable tests.

TABLE 6

Reason for Fail	No. of Tests
Sample Evaporation Loss Severe	3*
Sample Evaporation Loss Mild	0

^{*}Two severe fails on Procedure B and one on Procedure C

PRECISION AND SEVERITY

Table 7 shows the current Industry precision and severity for the Sample Evaporation Loss test parameter for all operationally valid tests for the report period. (First calibration test completed 5/1/96.)

TABLE 7

Sample Evaporation Loss, mass %	n	df	Pooled s	Mean Δ/s
New Targets Effective 7/21/2003	102	99	0.70	
4/1/05 through 9/30/05	34	31	0.55	0.23
10/1/05 through 3/31/06	34	31	0.74	0.07
4/1/06 through 9/30/06	35	32	0.62	0.54
10/1/06 through 3/31/07*	39	36	0.99	0.36
10/1/06 through 3/31/07*	38	35	0.61	0.51
4/1/07 through 9/30/07	36	33	0.50	0.92
10/1/07 through 3/31/08	34	31	0.50	0.75

^{*}Period statistics with and without a single unusually mild result (-5.51 s) included

Table 8 shows statistical comparisons by procedure for all operationally valid tests for the report period. TABLE 8

Sample Evaporation Loss, mass %	n	df	Pooled s	Mean Δ/s
Procedure A	0	0		
Procedure B	32	29	0.49	0.69
Procedure C	2	0		1.69

D5800: Evaporation Loss of Lubricating Oils by the Noack Method, continued

Table 9 shows the current severity for the Sample Evaporation Loss parameter for each lab for all operationally valid tests for the report period.

TABLE 9

	n	Mean Δ/s
Lab A	6	0.53
Lab B	6	0.80
Lab D	2	1.69
Lab F	6	1.15
Lab G	4	-0.25
Lab H	2	1.08
Lab I	4	0.64
Lab J	4	0.86

INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE

Effective September 26, 2000, the TMC began monitoring the three Noack procedures under the revised D5800 test method. Revised reference oil targets and acceptance bands for all three current reference oils (52, 55 and 58), based on 18-months of TMC reference data, became effective July 21, 2003.

D5800 reference testing precision is unchanged for the two most recent report periods and is more precise than the target precision. Overall performance is again unusually severe this period but improved over last period, with 7 of the 8 participating labs performing severe at some level and 16 of 34 tests more than 1 s severe (only one test was more than 1 s mild). Severity is graphically represented in Figures 2A and 2B. Figure 2A shows an unexplained increase in severity since the 01JUL06 timeline, with an additional increase in severity since the 01JAN07 timeline. Though Lab D appears to be the most severe performing lab this period, the strong overall severe trend is not predominantly attributable to any one lab, instrument or single anomalous result. All three failing tests were on TMC oil 52, the mildest of the three D5800 reference oils and also with the tightest acceptance range. Attachment 2 also shows oil 52 to be performing more severe, at 1.37 s for the period, than oil 55 (0.72 s severe) and oil 58 (0.15 s severe). Twelve of the sixteen tests at more than 1 s severe are on oil 52, though the other four tests are on oil 55 (with a -1.25 s mild result on TMC oil 58).

With improved precision for the report period, but a widely observed severe trend, D5800 Procedure B calibration testing seems to be trending significantly severe since at least January 2007.

Table 8 compares the procedures for the period. There were no Procedure A calibration tests reported and only two Procedure C calibration tests reported this period. With zero degrees of freedom, there is insufficient data to make any precision evaluation on Procedure C testing this period.

TMC MEMORANDA

There were no TMC technical memos issued this report period for the D5800 test method.

<u>D5133: Low Temperature, Low Shear Rate, Viscosity/Temperature Dependence of Lubricating Oils Using a Temperature Scanning Technique (Gelation Index or GI)</u>

MONITORED TESTING STATUS

Table 10 summarizes the reference tests reported to the TMC this period (6 labs reporting):

TABLE 10 Reference Tests

	No. of Tests
Statistically Acceptable and Operationally Valid	22
Operationally Valid but Failed Acceptance Criteria	4
Operationally Invalid (initially reported as)	1
Operationally Invalid (after informed of failing calibration)	0
Total	27

Fail Rate of Operationally Valid Tests: 15.4%

Table 11 is a breakdown of the statistically unacceptable tests.

TABLE 11

Reason for Fail	No. of Tests
Gelation Index Mild	4*
Gelation Index Severe	0

^{*}Three on TMC oil 62 and one on oil 1009

PRECISION AND SEVERITY

Table 12 shows the current Industry precision and severity for the Gelation Index test parameter for all operationally valid tests for the report period. (First calibration test completed 4/20/96.)

TABLE 12

Gelation Index	n	df	Pooled s	Mean Δ/s
Revised Targets Effective 20030715	68	65	2.86	
(Oils 58 & 62 targets unchanged, added oil				
1009, dropped oils 52 & 53)				
4/1/03 through 9/30/03	27	22	2.30	0.06
10/1/03 through 3/31/04	37	34	5.86	1.73
4/1/04 through 9/30/04	27	24	3.05	0.40
10/1/04 through 3/31/05	34	31	2.51	0.40
4/1/05 through 9/30/05	22	19	3.44	-0.17
10/1/05 through 3/31/06	22	19	3.09	-0.16
4/1/06 through 9/30/06	29	26	3.76	-0.46
10/1/06 through 3/31/07	29	26	3.23	-0.68
4/1/07 through 9/30/07	24	21	3.35	-0.28
10/1/07 through 3/31/08	26	23	4.13	-0.31

<u>D5133: Low Temperature, Low Shear Rate, Viscosity/Temperature Dependence of Lubricating Oils Using a Temperature Scanning Technique (Gelation Index or GI), continued</u>

Table 13 shows the current severity for the Gelation Index for each lab for all operationally valid tests for the report period.

TABLE 13

		GI
	n	Mean Δ/s
Lab A	6	-0.61
Lab B	6	0.58
Lab G	3	-2.45
Lab H	3	1.29
Lab I	5	0.08
Lab S	3	-1.61

INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE

Effective July 15, 2003, new D5133 reference oils, targets and acceptance bands were implemented for TMC calibration monitoring. The current GI reference oils are 58, 62 & 1009.

Effective March 8, 2006, TMC instrument calibration periods changed from 90-days to 60-days and a 480-day head calibration period was introduced for all successful calibrations completed March 8, 2006, or later (see TMC Technical Memo 06-004).

D5133 reference testing is less precise compared to last period and continues to be less precise than the target precision. Overall performance is mild of targets and comparable to the prior report period. Severity is graphically represented in Figures 3A and 3B.

Lab G continues to have a strong instrument bias (mild) contributing to the overall period severity, as it has for the last three report periods. Ten tests this period are reported at more than 1 s mild (four of those at more than 2 s mild), and seven tests were 1 s or more severe, so seventeen of twenty-six operationally valid tests reported this period were 1 s or more from target (severe or mild).

TMC MEMORANDA

There were no TMC technical memos issued this report period for the D5133 test method.

D6335: High Temperature Deposits by Thermo-Oxidation Engine Oil Simulation Test (TEOST)

MONITORED TESTING STATUS

Table 14 summarizes the reference tests reported to the TMC this period (3 labs reporting):

TABLE 14

	No. of Tests
Statistically Acceptable and Operationally Valid	11
Operationally Valid but Failed Acceptance Criteria	11
Operationally Invalid (initially reported as)	4
Operationally Invalid (after informed of failing calibration)	1
Total	27

Fail Rate of Operationally Valid Tests: 50.0%

Table 15 is a breakdown of the statistically unacceptable tests.

TABLE 15

Reason for Fail	No. of Tests
Total Deposits Mild	5
Total Deposits Severe	6

All five mild results were by Lab B on Oil 71, four on the same instrument. All six severe results were on Oil 72 by three labs on four instruments.

PRECISION AND SEVERITY

Table 16 shows the current Industry precision and severity for the Total Deposits test parameter for all operationally valid tests for the report period. (First calibration test completed 2/13/96.)

TABLE 16

		•		
Total Deposits	n	df	Pooled s	Mean Δ/s
Initial Round Robin Study	54	52	4.18	
10/1/04 through 3/31/05	10	8	6.30	-0.32
4/1/05 through 9/30/05	11	9	4.13	-0.73
10/1/05 through 3/31/06	14	12	4.96	-0.29
4/1/06 through 9/30/06	10	8	5.11	-0.16
10/1/06 through 3/31/07*	12	10	8.66	0.14
10/1/06 through 3/31/07*	11	9	5.67	-0.45
4/1/07 through 9/30/07*	10	8	9.59	0.43
4/1/07 through 9/30/07*	9	7	8.08	-0.11
10/1/07 through 3/31/08	22	20	9.65	0.92

*Period statistics with and without a single unusually severe result included

D6335: TEOST, continued

Table 17 shows the current severity for the Total Deposits parameter for each lab for all operationally valid tests in the report period.

TABLE 17

	111222 17	
	n	Mean Δ/s
Lab A	5	2.98
Lab B	13	-1.16
Lab G	4	5.08

INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE

Reference testing precision is slightly worse than the previous report period, but remains substantially degraded from all prior report periods, with a history of increasingly degrading precision over the last five report periods and when compared to the overall target precision (Table 16).

There is also a significant severe trend this period. However, with a number of strongly severe AND mild tests, the issue seems to be more with precision than severity. While TMC oil 71 has a strong overall mild bias this period, and oil 72 has a strong overall severe bias, the data suggests instrument biases rather than problems with the TMC oils due to the fact that there are passing calibration results on both oils at all three labs for the report period, and the repeating failing attempts seem to be limited to particular instruments.

Lab B has more than doubled their TMC calibration attempts this period and all three labs report at least three consecutive fails (and as many as six consecutive fails) on at least one instrument.

A review of the rod batch indicates that all labs have been reporting batch G rods on all TMC calibrations since April 2006. Additionally, all labs report using 193 microlitres of 6% ferric napthenate catalyst (the procedure specifies the addition of 193 microlitres, but no tolerance is specified). So, a specific cause of the worsening precision has not yet been identified.

Thermocouple depths are reported in the range 7.20 to 8.13 cm.

Clearly this test is in trouble in that precision is markedly degraded, fail rates are at 50% (and substantially higher if operationally invalid tests are counted) and all three participating labs exhibit multiple consecutive failing tests (between three and six) that seem to be instrument specific.

Severity is graphically represented in Figure 4 (attached) with a recent overall severe trend (mostly biased by the two extreme test results), but also an increasing scatter of the data points, particularly noticeable since the 01OCT06 timeline, indicating degraded precision.

Due to industry concerns, a D6335 TEOST-33C and D7097 TEOST MHT combined workshop was held April 15-16 at Southwest Research Institute. The workshop was led by Greg Miiller of Tannas, with representation from all three TMC participating labs, personnel from some non-participating labs, the Surveillance Panel Chair, Sue Milczewski, and Tom Schofield from the TMC.

TMC MEMORANDA

There were no TMC technical memos issued this report period for the D6335 test method.

<u>D7097:</u> <u>Determination of Moderately High Temperature Piston Deposits by Thermo-oxidation Engine Oil Simulation Test (MTEOS or MHT-4 TEOST)</u>

MONITORED TESTING STATUS

Table 18 summarizes the reference tests reported to the TMC this period (6 labs reporting):

TABLE 18

	No. of Tests
Statistically Acceptable and Operationally Valid	44
Operationally Valid but Failed Acceptance Criteria	2
Operationally Invalid (initially reported as)	2
Operationally Invalid (after informed of failing calibration)	0
Total	48

Fail Rate of Operationally Valid Tests: 4.3%

Table 19 is a breakdown of the statistically unacceptable tests.

TABLE 19

Reason for Fail	No. of Tests
Total Deposits Mild	0
Total Deposits Severe	2

PRECISION AND SEVERITY

Table 20 shows the current Industry precision and severity for the Total Deposits test parameter for all operationally valid tests for the report period. (First calibration test completed 9/6/00.)

TABLE 20

Total Deposits	n	df	Pooled s	Mean ∆/s
Updated Targets Effective 2/18/04	50	46	4.92	
10/1/03 through 3/31/04	35	31	9.40	-0.69*
4/1/04 through 9/30/04	40	36	7.29	-0.55
Updated Targets Effective 1/12/05	30	27	3.42	
10/1/04 through 3/31/05	36	31	5.15	-0.11**
Updated Targets Effective 6/30/05	42	39	4.60	
4/1/05 through 9/30/05	39	36	6.36	-0.17**
10/1/05 through 3/31/06	40	37	6.68	-0.26
Updated Targets Effective 7/31/06	90	87	5.62	
4/1/06 through 9/30/06	43	40	5.99	-0.09**
10/1/06 through 3/31/07	47	44	7.53	-0.17
4/1/07 through 9/30/07	48	45	7.68	0.32
10/1/07 through 3/31/08	46	43	7.41	-0.21

^{*}New oil performance targets and acceptance bands were implemented twice during the period; severity is estimated using the targets that were in effect at the time each test was reported.

^{**} New oil performance targets and acceptance bands were implemented during the period; severity is estimated using the targets that were in effect at the time each test was reported.

<u>D7097:</u> <u>Determination of Moderately High Temperature Piston Deposits by Thermo-oxidation</u> Engine Oil Simulation Test (MTEOS or MHT-4 TEOST)

Table 21 shows the current severity for the Total Deposits parameter for each lab for all operationally valid tests in the report period.

TABLE 21

	n	Mean Δ/s
Lab A	12	-0.57
Lab AK	2	1.10
Lab B	14	0.31
Lab D	5	-0.96
Lab G	11	-0.22
Lab V	2	-1.03

INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE

D7097 reference testing precision has improved slightly compared to last report period but remains less precise than the updated target precision. Overall performance is slightly mild with Lab AK performing particularly severe and Labs D and V particularly mild. There are 14 operationally valid tests (out of 46) at more than 1 s mild of targets and 7 tests more than 1 s severe, and this variability extends across labs.

All labs are reporting using the same catalyst batch for the period (batch 0511), and all tests this period are reported to be using batch G rods.

The MTEOS severity trend is graphically represented in Figures 5A & 5B, with Figure 5B showing when the new performance targets were implemented, when the monitored test method was changed and when new rod batches are introduced. Figure 5A shows the period severity with a modest overall mild bias for the report period.

TMC MEMORANDA

There were no TMC technical memos issued this report period for the MTEOS test method.

D6082: High Temperature Foaming Characteristics of Lubricating Oils

D6082 Monitoring Historical and Statistical References Affecting the Statistical Estimates in This Report

In June 2000, the High Temperature Foam Surveillance Panel had given approval for the TMC to stop collecting data for Total Volume Increase.

On June 18, 2001, the section agreed to suspend the use of the severe performing TMC oil 1002 as a D6082 reference oil due to ongoing calibration precision and severity problems with that oil and on June 17, 2002 the section voted to discontinue the use of 1002 altogether.

On July 21, 2003 a severe performing "discrimination oil", TMC oil 66, was introduced to the monitoring system to be run by each participating lab once every six-months to show that each lab can discriminate a GF-3/SL passing oil (foam tendency) from a failing oil in the D6082 test method. The first discrimination test using oil 66 was completed on August 13, 2003. Because of apparent poor reproducibility of the D6082 test method on severe performing oils (greater than 100 ml foam tendency) in general, it was agreed that oil 66 discrimination results would not be statistically summarized by the TMC other than a count of the tests that do and don't meet the acceptance criteria.

On March 28, 2006 the performance targets for oil 1007 were adjusted slightly by rounding the targets from a precision of 0.01 ml to 1 ml; this adjustment slightly changed the acceptance bands on oil 1007 (see TMC technical memo 06-08).

Note that TMC reference oil 1007 has a Foam Stability (one minute after disconnect) target mean performance of zero ml and a target precision (standard deviation) of zero ml. A negative (mild) result for this parameter is unlikely and a severity estimate for any positive result would be indeterminate in standard deviations (Δ /s). Therefore, for Foam Stability, only a count of non-zero occurrences is noted to flag any severity trends.

MONITORED TESTING STATUS

Table 22 summarizes the reference tests reported to the TMC this period (4 labs reporting):

TABLE 22

	No. of Tests
Statistically Acceptable and Operationally Valid	10
Operationally Valid but Failed Acceptance Criteria	0
Operationally Invalid (initially reported as)	0
Operationally Invalid (after informed of failing calibration)	0
Total	10

Fail Rate of Operationally Valid Tests: 0.0%

In addition to the calibration tests, there were four discrimination oil tests reported this period; all met the acceptance criteria for the discrimination oil.

D6082: High Temperature Foaming Characteristics of Lubricating Oils, continued

TMC 1007 PRECISION AND SEVERITY

Tables 23 and 24 show the current industry precision and severity for the Foam Tendency and Foam Stability test parameters for all operationally valid tests on oil 1007 for the report period. (First calibration test on TMC 1007 completed 4/12/99.)

TABLE 23

1007 Foam Tendency, ml	n	Mean	S	Mean Δ/s
Initial Round Robin Study (targets)	28	65.71	19.28	
4/1/04 through 9/30/04	13	72.3	15.89	0.34
10/1/04 through 3/31/05	12	72.9	16.30	0.37
4/1/05 through 9/30/05	10	62.0	25.30	-0.19
10/1/05 through 3/31/06*	11	102	70	1.87
10/1/05 through 3/31/06*	9	74	19	0.45
4/1/06 through 9/30/06	12	66	16	-0.01
10/1/06 through 3/31/07	9	61	12	-0.26
4/1/07 through 9/30/07	10	63	18	-0.16
10/1/07 through 3/31/08	10	64	16	-0.13

^{*}Period statistics with and without two extreme results included.

TABLE 24

1007 Foam Stability @ 1 min., ml	n	Mean	S	
Initial Round Robin Study	28	0.00	0.00	
4/1/04 through 9/30/04	13	No non-zero	occurrences	
10/1/04 through 3/31/05	12	No non-zero	occurrences	
4/1/05 through 9/30/05	10	No non-zero	occurrences	
10/1/05 through 3/31/06	11	No non-zero	occurrences	
4/1/06 through 9/30/06	12	No non-zero	occurrences	
10/1/06 through 3/31/07	9	No non-zero	occurrences	
4/1/06 through 9/30/06	10	No non-zero	occurrences	
10/1/07 through 3/31/08	10	No non-zero	occurrences	

Table 25 shows the current 1007 severity for the monitored result parameter for each lab for all operationally valid tests reported for the report period.

TABLE 25 TMC 1007

	n	Foam Tendency Mean ∆/s
Lab A	2	-0.58
Lab B	4	-0.05
Lab G	2	-0.84
Lab I	2	0.87

D6082: High Temperature Foaming Characteristics of Lubricating Oils, continued

INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE

D6082 Foam Tendency on TMC oil 1007 is directionally more precise for this report period and is more precise than the target precision. Overall performance is slightly mild. There were no non-zero occurrences of Foam Stability on 1007 suggesting Foam Stability precision is as expected. Foam Tendency severity is graphically represented in Figure 6.

All operationally valid discrimination tests reported this period meet the acceptance criteria (that is, all reporting labs could discriminate oil 66 as a GF-4/SM failing oil for Foam Tendency).

TMC MEMORANDA

There were no TMC technical memos issued this report period for the D6082 test method.

D874-00 Sulfated Ash from Lubricating Oils and Additives

On June 18, 2007, D02.B0.07 gave the approval for TMC monitoring of D874 to commence per the request of the Heavy Duty Classification Panel. The current TMC reference oils are 90, 91 and 830-2.

MONITORED TESTING STATUS

Table 26 summarizes the reference tests reported to the TMC this period (3 labs reporting):

TABLE 26 Reference Tests

	No. of Tests
Statistically Acceptable and Operationally Valid	5
Operationally Valid but Failed Acceptance Criteria	0
Operationally Invalid (initially reported as)	0
Operationally Invalid (after informed of failing calibration)	0
Total	5

Fail Rate of Operationally Valid Tests: 0.0%

Table 27 is a breakdown of the statistically unacceptable tests.

TABLE 27

Reason for Fail	No. of Tests
Sulfated Ash Mild	0
Sulfated Ash Severe	0

PRECISION AND SEVERITY

Table 28 shows the current Industry precision and severity for the Sulfated Ash Mass % test parameter for all operationally valid tests for the report period. (First calibration test completed 7/27/07.)

TABLE 28

Gelation Index	n	df	Pooled s	Mean Δ/s
Initial Round Robin Targets	81	79	0.07	
4/1/07 through 9/30/07	2	1	0.01	-0.50
10/1/07 through 3/31/08	5	2	0.11	-0.41

Table 29 shows the current severity for Sulfated Ash Mass % for each lab for all operationally valid tests for the report period.

TABLE 29

	n	Mean Δ/s
Lab A	2	-0.09
Lab B	1	0.75
Lab G	2	-1.31

D874-00 Sulfated Ash from Lubricating Oils and Additives, continued

INDUSTRY PERFORMANCE

D874 testing is directionally less precise than the target precision and performance is mild of targets. Severity is graphically represented in Figure 7.

D6922 Determination of Homogeneity and Miscibility in Automotive Engine Oils

The TMC distributes six reference oils for D6922 testing. The TMC does not collect data or monitor any test results for this test at this time.

ROBO (Romaszewski Oil Bench Oxidation Test; Sequence IIIGA Replacement Test)

The first surveillance panel teleconference was held on March 29, 2007 where the panel organization was conducted and improvements to the test method draft were discussed. A number of panel teleconferences have followed with robust discussions concerning clarifying the test method and conducting several "mini" round robins using TMC 434 reference oils (434, 435 and 438 so far) to get a baseline on how well the labs compare using the latest test method draft. An additional reference oil has recently been received by the TMC, with another expected. Continued panel teleconferences are expected with the goal of issuing a standardized test method and to implement an as yet unspecified TMC monitoring program.

REFERENCE OIL SUPPLIES

There is adequate supply of B0.07 Bench Test reference oils on hand at the TMC. Tables 30A and 30B list the PCEOCP bench test reference oils currently on hand at the TMC.

Table 30A

	10	IDIC JUA	
Oil	For Tests	Quantity Left (gallons)	Quantity Used Last 12 Months (gallons)
^51	Obsolete Vol. & GI	94.6	0.0
52	D6417, D5800	65.8	1.1
^53	Obsolete Vol. & GI	96.8	0.0
^54	Obsolete Volatility	97.8	0.0
55	D6417, D5800	70.8	1.0
^57	Old Volatility Candidate	51.2	0.0
58	D6417, D5800, GI	122.1	1.1
62	GI	1.3	0.1
66	D6082 (Discrimination)	97.4	0.8
71	TEOST	1.7	1.0
72	TEOST	1.6	1.3
74	MTEOS	0.7	0.2
90	D874 & D874 Daily Check	47.2	2.1
91	D874	4.7	0.1
**432	MTEOS	Adequate	
^**433	Obsolete MTEOS	Adequate	
**434	MTEOS	Adequate	
**820-2	D874	Adequate	
*1007	D6082	Est. 20	
**1009	GI	Adequate	

[^]Not selected as reference oil; TMC holding for further instructions from Surveillance Panel.

^{*}One drum of oil is set aside for bench calibration testing; the TMC has a larger supply of this oil.

^{**}Five gallon aliquot set aside for bench testing; hard to get an inventory reading on amount set aside.

REFERENCE OIL SUPPLIES, continued

Table 30B

Oil	For Tests	Quantity Left (gallons)	Quantity Used Last 12 Months (gallons)
HMA	H&M (D6922)	187.8	3.75
HMB	H&M (D6922)	191.8	3.75
НМС	H&M (D6922)	177.8	3.75
HMD	H&M (D6922)	185.8	3.75
HME	H&M (D6922)	170.8	3.75
HMF	H&M (D6922)	193.5	3.75

Shipping aliquots are:

D6417	1 ml
D5480	4 ml
D5800	100 ml
GI	25 ml
MTEOS	17 ml
TEOST	125 ml
D6082	525 ml
D874	32 ml
H&M	950 ml

MISCELLANEOUS

The TMC posts monitored bench test calibration data on the Internet. Selected parameters from all operationally valid reference tests are posted on the TMC's World-Wide-Web page in real time. Lab identifications are coded on the TMC's web site as they are on the previous pages of this report. Also posted are statistics, CUSUM plots, reporting forms, flatfile templates, data dictionaries and data from various round-robin matrix programs. The TMC encourages all interested parties to access and download the data, statistics and plots for individual studies and analyses. Likewise, you are encouraged to access the web site to download the most recent test reporting formats and data dictionaries. The TMC's web site address is www.astmtmc.cmu.edu.

All currently monitored bench test data dictionaries and report form packages have been beta tested by the ASTM Data Communications Committee (DCC) and approved for electronic data transfer. Please contact Tom Schofield at (412) 365-1011 for more information.

D6417 VOLATILITY BY GC INDUSTRY OPERATIONALLY VALID DATA

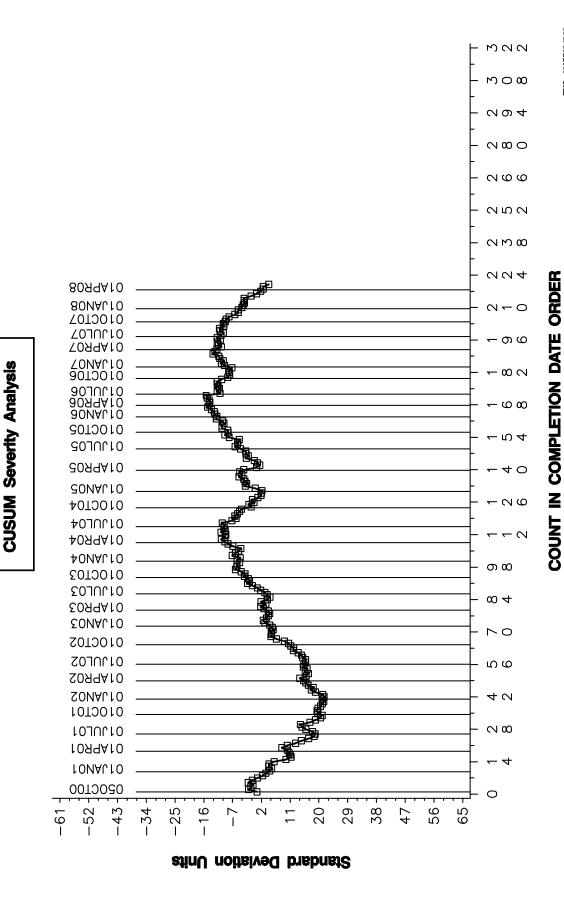
i

371'C

(8)

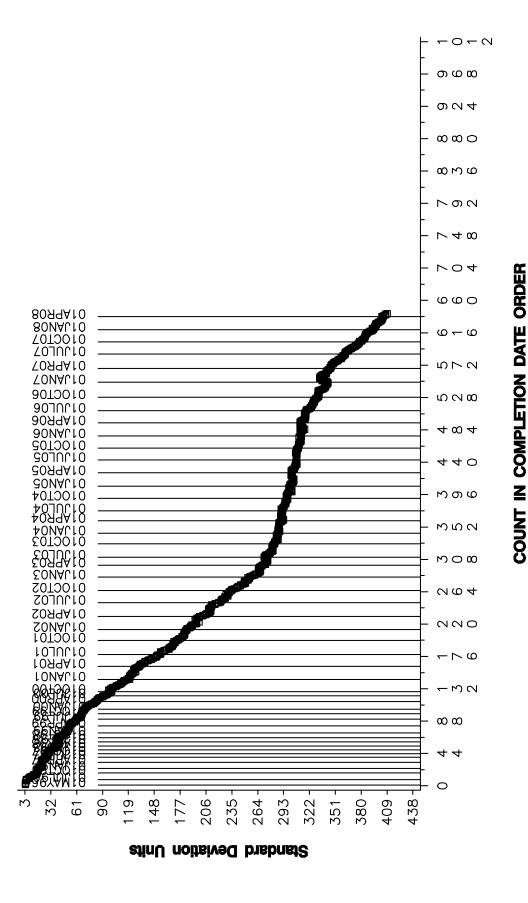
VOLATIZED

SAMPLE AREA %



D5800 VOLATILITY BY NOACK INDUSTRY OPERATIONALLY VALID DATA

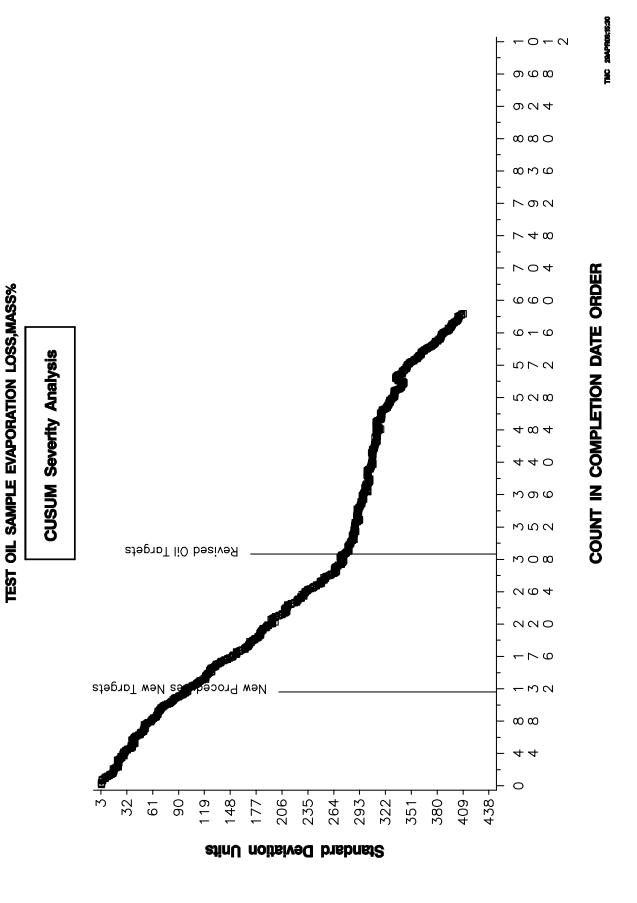




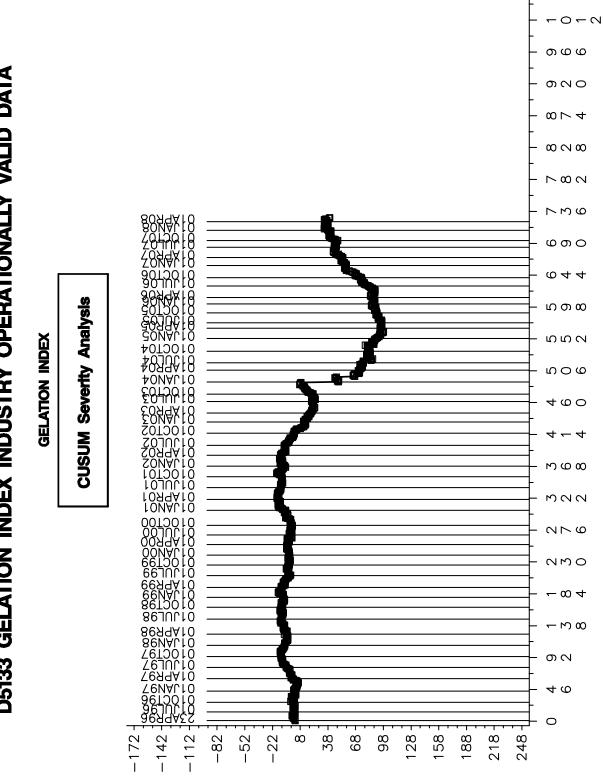
28APR08:15:29

2

D5800 VOLATILITY BY NOACK INDUSTRY OPERATIONALLY VALID DATA



D5133 GELATION INDEX INDUSTRY OPERATIONALLY VALID DATA



Standard Deviation Units

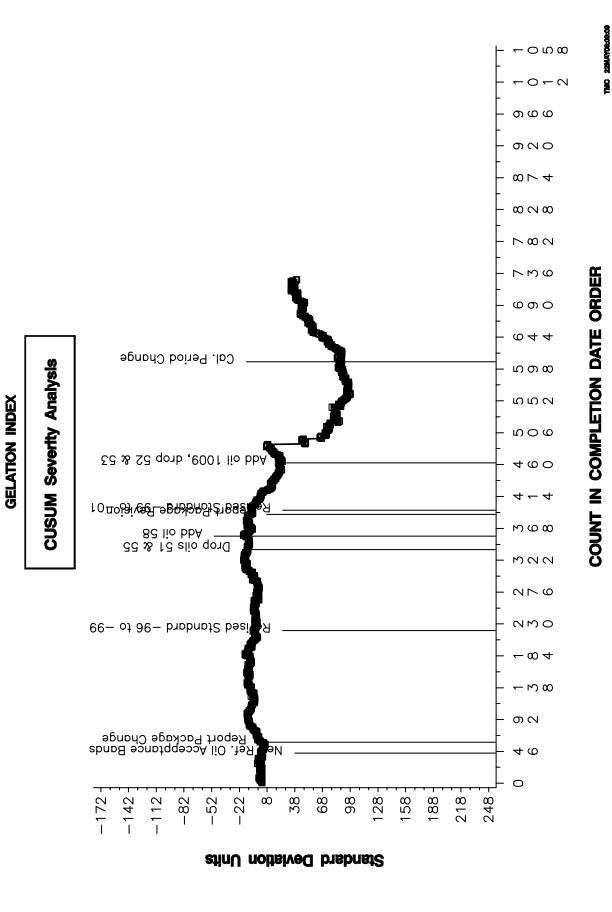
22MAY08:09:08

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COUNT IN COMPLETION DATE ORDER

0 2 0

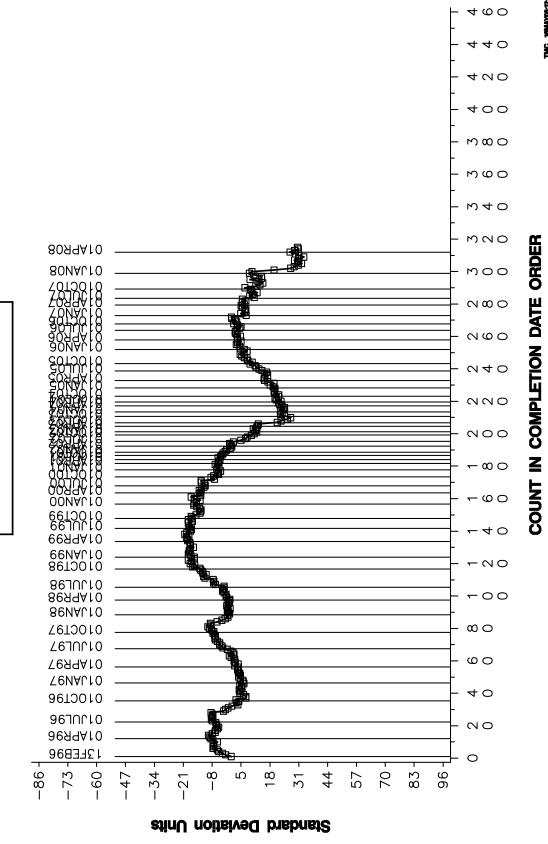
D5133 GELATION INDEX INDUSTRY OPERATIONALLY VALID DATA



TEOST - 33C INDUSTRY OPERATIONALLY VALID DATA

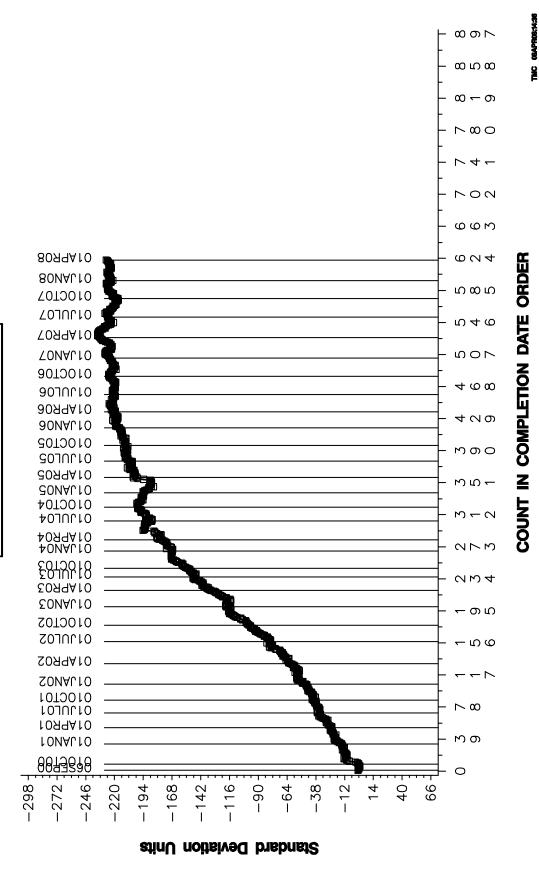
TOTAL DEPOSITS (mg)

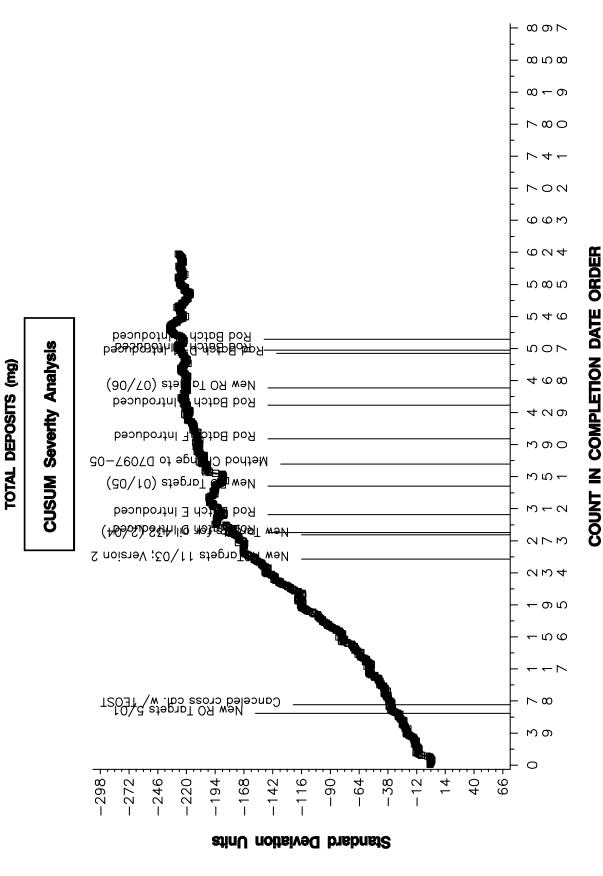
CUSUM Severity Analysis



TOTAL DEPOSITS (mg)

CUSUM Severity Analysis



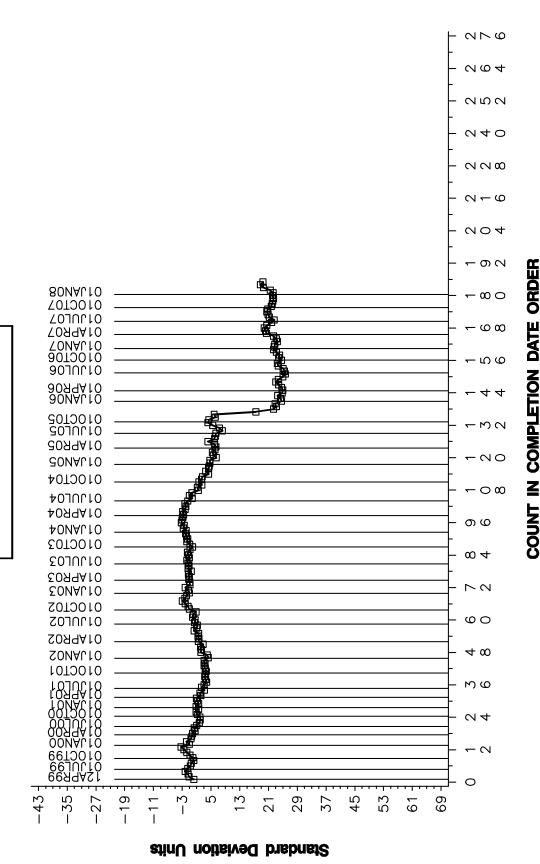


TMC 08APR08:14:37

D6082 HIGH TEMPERATURE FOAM INDUSTRY OPERATIONALLY VALID DATA

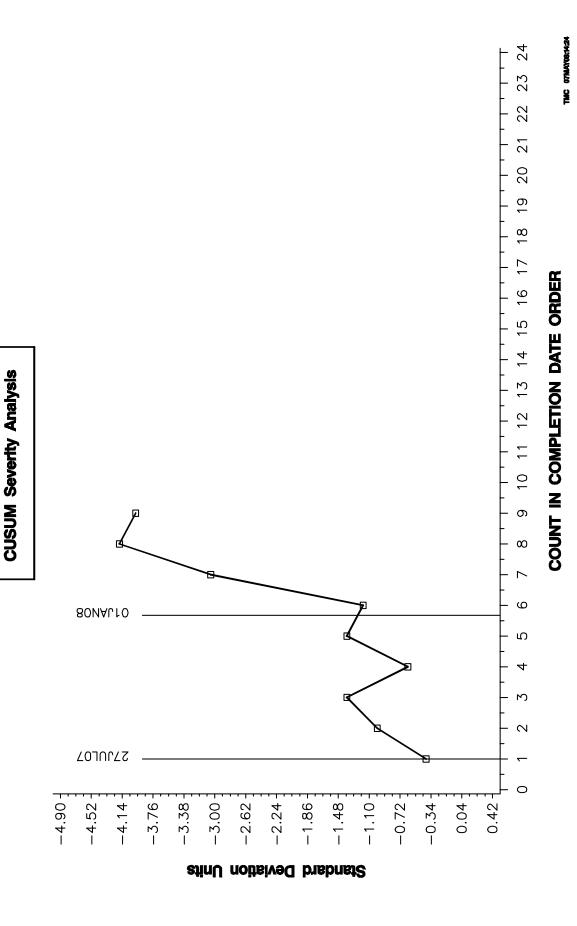






D874 INDUSTRY OPERATIONALLY VALID DATA

TEST SAMPLE PERCENT SULFATED ASH [<]



TMC Monitored Bench Tests Reference Oil Test Targets and Acceptance Bands

						Acceptance Bands	e Bands *
						36	95%
Test	Oil Code	Parameter	п	Mean	sR	Lower	Upper
D6417	52	area % volatility loss	18	6.97	0.31	6.4	9.7
	55	area % volatility loss	18	11.68	0.51	10.7	12.7
	58	area % volatility loss	18	5.61	0.30	2.0	6.2
D5800	52	mass % volatility loss	33	13.75	0.61	12.6	14.9
New Targets	55	mass % volatility loss	32	17.09	92.0	15.6	18.6
7/21/2003	58	mass % volatility loss	37	15.20	0.72	13.8	16.6
TEOST by	7.1	Total Deposit wt. (mg)	27	51.79	4.79	42.4	61.2
D6335	72	Total Deposit wt. (mg)	27	26.72	3.46	19.9	33.5
MTEOS by	74	Total Deposit wt. (mg)	30	12.85	69'9	1.9	23.8
D7097	432	Total Deposit wt. (mg)	30	47.04	4.50	38.2	55.9
New Targets	434	Total Deposit wt. (mg)	30	27.37	6.57	14.5	40.2
20060731							
GI by	58	Gelation Index	17	5.8	69.0	4.4	7.2
D5133	62	Gelation Index	35	17.0	3.90	9.4	24.6
New Targets	1009	Gelation Index	16	7.3	0.68	0.9	8.6
7/15/2003							
D6082	1007	Tendency (ml)	28	99	19	29	103
(HT FOAM)	1007	Stability (ml)	28	0	0	0	0
D6082	66 (DISCRIM)	Tendency (ml)	ł	-		>100	-
(HT FOAM)	66 (DISCRIM)	Stability (ml)	ŀ	-		0	0
D874	06	mass % Sulfated Ash	27	1.07	0.08	0.91	1.23
	91	mass % Sulfated Ash	27	0.82	0.05	0.72	0.92
	820-2	mass % Sulfated Ash	27	1.57	0.08	1.40	1.73

TMC Monitored Bench Tests - Individual Reference Oil Statistics (Operationally Valid Tests Only)

				Targets	10		10/1/06	10/1/06 - 3/31/07	77		4/1/07	4/1/07 - 9/30/07	7		10/1/0	10/1/06 - 3/31/07	71
	Ö								Mean				Mean				Mean
Test	Code	Parameter	L	Mean	sR	L	Mean	sR	∆/s	u	Mean	sR	∆/s	u	Mean	sR	√s/
D6417	52	Area % Volatized	18	26.9	0.31	3	7.0	0.23	0.20	2	7.1	0.31	0.48	4	7.1	0.13	0.50
	22	Area % Volatized	18	11.68	0.51	9	11.3	0.65	-0.71	3	12.0	0.35	0.56	4	12.0	0.44	0.73
	58	Area % Volatized	18	5.61	0.30	3	5.8	0.45	0.52	4	5.5	0.28	-0.37	6	6.0	0.24	1.13
D5800	52	% volatility loss	33	13.75	0.61	12	14.2	09.0	0.81	12	14.3	0.45	0.94	12	14.6	0.46	1.37
*	22	% volatility loss	32	17.09	0.76	15	17.4	1.42	0.46	13	18.0	0.51	1.24	10	17.6	0.58	0.72
	58	% volatility loss	37	15.20	0.72	12	15.0	0.55	-0.22	11	15.6	0.52	0.53	12	15.3	0.46	0.15
TEOST	71	Deposit wt. (mg)	27	51.79	4.79	9	48.8	6.13	-0.62	4	9.05	10.89	-0.24	11	44.5	8.01	-1.53
(D6335)	72	Deposit wt. (mg)	27	26.72	3.46	9	29.8	10.60	0.89	9	29.8	8.72	0.88	11	38.4	11.049	3.37
MTEOS	432	Deposit wt. (mg)	30	47.04	4.50	13	45.9	5.01	-0.25	20	48.7	5.87	0.38	13	46.7	5.31	-0.08
(D7097)	434	Deposit wt. (mg)	30	27.37	6.57	16	27.0	9.07	-0.05	14	30.4	10.59	0.46	21	26.6	9.21	-0.12
* * *	74	Deposit wt. (mg)	30	12.85	5.59	18	11.6	7.50	-0.23	14	13.4	6.45	0.09	12	10.1	5.42	-0.49
Ō	28	Gelation Index	17	5.8	69.0	∞	0.9	0.57	0.22	6	6.2	0.75	0.64	7	6.3	0.65	0.72
(D5133)	62	Gelation Index	35	17.0	3.90	∞	14.1	90.9	-0.75	8	13.2	5.71	96.0-	10	13.5	6.54	-0.89
* * *	1009	Gelation Index	16	7.30	0.68	13	6.5	0.97	-1.20	7	6.8	0.67	-0.69	9	7.0	0.75	-0.47
D6082	1007	Tendency (ml)	28	65	19	6	61	12	-0.26	10	63	18	-0.16	10	64	16	-0.13
D874	820-2	Sulfated Ash m%	l	ŀ	ŀ	1	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	П	ŀ	ŀ	ŀ	2	1.52	0.02	-0.56
	06	Sulfated Ash m%		1	1	ŀ	ŀ	-	1	2	0.80	0.01	-0.50	2	1.02	0.15	-0.56
	91	Sulfated Ash m%	!	-	-	ŀ	ŀ	1	1	1	1	1	;	_	0.83	1	0.20

^{**}D5800 Targets Adjusted 10/2/00; new oils selected; new procedures approved; targets adjusted again 7/21/03 ***MTEOS Targets Adjusted: 6/1/01 (matrix); 11/1/03 (SC9 RR2); 2/18/04 (add 432); 1/12/05 (add 434, drop 433 & 1006); 6/30/05 (Batch E ref. data); 6/31/06 (updated ref. data n=30) *****GI: Added oil 1009 and dropped oils 52 & 53 10/15/03; added oil 58 10/24/01; dropped oils 51 & 55 7/2/01